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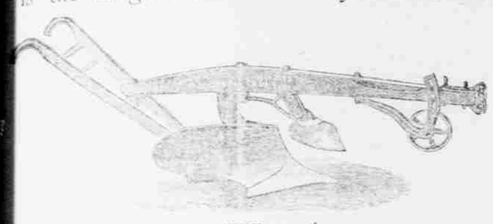

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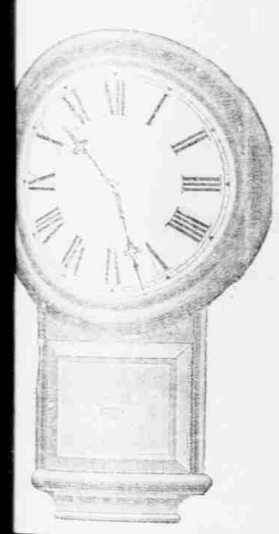

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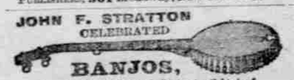
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MINERAL RUBBER.

The New State of Utah Has a Strange Freak of Nature.

Material from Which Gum Shoes for the Multitude May Be Made—It Grows in the Ground Like Potatoes.

Utah, the newest of the states, seems to be a mineralogical freak. Mr. George Eldridge, of the geological survey, says a Washington (D. C.) correspondent, was sent out there a few weeks ago for the purpose of looking up certain natural resources, and he has returned with a most interesting report. Among other things, he found great deposits of mineral rubber—enough to make gum shoes for a large part of the population of the United States. It is black, and it looked and felt exactly like ordinary rubber.

"You see, it is quite elastic," said Mr. Eldridge, bending a piece with his fingers. "There is no telling how many valuable uses it may be put to in the future, but I imagine it will be employed largely mixed with the vegetable rubber of commerce. For a roofing material it has already been proved excellent. In the mining towns of Utah mineral rubber is utilized commonly for roofing, being prepared in sheets consisting of a layer of burlap, with the rubber on both sides. Nothing could be more thoroughly waterproof. Because it is so new not much is known about this peculiar stuff and its possibilities. Only a few tons of it has been mined near the Uintah reservation, where it is chiefly found. It occurs in veins, but the number and size of the latter are not reliably known as yet."

Mr. Eldridge took up from his desk a queer-looking, blackish chunk of something not easily identified, that felt soft to the touch.

"That is another unexplored mineral," said he. "It is called mineral wax, and is found in veins like the mineral rubber. It has not been mined at all, but many uses for it are likely to be discovered in the future. To electricians it will be valuable, doubtless, in so much as it is one of the best insulating materials for employment in their business. But here is another interesting mineral substance, also from Utah."

The specimen of this latter looked exactly like a piece of obsidian, or black volcanic glass. It was hard as any rock. "That is gum asphalt," said the expert. "My chief business in Utah was to examine the deposits of this material. It is a wonderful substance and represents a great mineral resource that has hardly been touched as yet. It is nothing more nor less than an exceedingly pure kind of asphalt, and its important usefulness is in the manufacture of varnishes.

"The substance is found under conditions so extraordinary that nobody has been able to account for them very satisfactorily. The deposits are chiefly within and in the neighborhood of the Uncompahgre reservation. You are walking across the country and come upon a queer-looking streak that runs straight as an arrow flies. You brush away the sand and beneath it you find that the streak is perfectly black. It is a vein of gum asphalt.

"There are many such veins near the eastern edge of Utah, and some of them run over into Colorado. They have a tendency to run parallel to each other, with a trend from northwest to southeast. They vary in width from a quarter of an inch to 18 feet, and they are from half a mile to six miles in length. Nobody knows how deep they are. The greatest depth reached is 125 feet. Thus far mining for the stuff has hardly got beyond the prospecting stage. The veins are perfectly vertical.

"These veins of asphalt represent cracks in the crust of the earth, made in a distant geological epoch and subsequently filled in with the gum asphalt. The stuff has much of the appearance and hardness of jet. Of course it is only useful for making black varnishes. No, it will never be used for paving streets unless, perhaps, as an admixture with ordinary asphalt to improve the quality of the latter; it is too valuable, you see. I cannot tell you from what source the substance was originally derived. It is believed that all asphalts are of vegetable origin. We know that during the coal-forming period vast accumulations of vegetable material were laid down in beds and became transformed in various ways, subsequently by chemical processes. According to conditions governing, they were metamorphosed into deposits of coal, petroleum or bitumen—the last being what we call asphalt."—St. Louis Republic.

GENERAL LABOR NOTES.

Printers of Toronto are unionizing the town.

The new bicycle workers union starts out with 2,000 members.

All state printing of Nevada bears the printers' union label.

A $500,000 iron mill has been erected by cooperators at Edinburgh, Scotland.

The Federation of Agricultural Labor of Denmark comprises 23 branches.

Labor exchanges are being formed in England, Switzerland, Germany and India.

Laborers and farmers of Hollister, Cal., have organized a cooperative company.

Upholsterers of Philadelphia now have the nine-hour day and better conditions otherwise.

The Most Crowded Spot on Earth.

The most crowded spot on the earth's surface is that portion of the city of Valetta, Island of Malta, known as the "Manderaggio." In the whole of Valetta the proportion is 75,000 human beings to the square mile, but in the Manderaggio there is one locality in which there are 2,574 persons living on a plot of ground less than two acres and a half in extent. This would give no less than 636,000 persons to the square mile, or 1,017.6 to the acre. In Liverpool, the most crowded city in Britain, the most densely populated portions have only 116.4 to the acre.—Atlanta Constitution.

—"Muscadine" is a disease to which silkworms are liable. It consists of a fungus growth in the body, which breaks through the skin and speedily kills the insect.

THE RAIL-SPLITTER.

Stories of Abraham Lincoln in Early Life.

In the summer of the year 1830 Abraham Lincoln exercised the right of majority and started out to shift for himself. When he left his home to start life for himself he went empty-handed. He was already some months over 21 years of age, but he had nothing in the world, not even a suit of respectable clothes; and one of the first pieces of work he did was "to split 400 rails for every yard of brown jeans dyed with white walnut bark that would be necessary to make him a pair of trousers." He had no trade, no profession, no spot of land, no patron, no influence. Two things recommended him to his neighbors—he was strong and he was a good fellow.

His strength made him a valuable laborer. Not that he was fond of hard labor. Mrs. Crawford says: "Abe was no hand to pitch into work like killing snakes," but when he did work it was with an ease and effectiveness which compensated his employer for the time he spent in practical jokes and extemporaneous speeches. He would lift as much as three ordinary men, and "My, how he would chop!" says Dennis Hanks. "His ax would flash and bite into a sugar tree or sycamore, and down it would come. If you heard him fellin' trees in a clearin' you would say there was three men at work by the way the trees fell." Standing six feet four, he could outlift, outwork and outwrestle any man he came in contact with. Friends and employers were proud of his strength, and boasted of it, never failing to pit him against any hero whose strength they heard vaunted. He himself was proud of it, and throughout his life was fond of comparing himself with tall and strong men.

He drove the oxen on the removal of the Lincoln family from Indiana to Illinois, he tells us, and according to a story current in Gentryville, he succeeded in doing a fair peddler's business on the route. Capt. William Jones, in whose father's store Lincoln had spent so many hours in discussion and story-telling, and for whom he had worked the last winter he was in Indiana, says that before leaving the state Abraham invested all his money, some forty odd dollars, in notions. "A set of knives and forks was the largest item entered on the bill," says Mr. Jones; "the other items were needles, pins, thread, buttons and other little domestic necessities. When the Lincolns reached their new home near Decatur, Ill. Abraham wrote back to my father, stating that he had doubled his money on his purchases by selling them along the road."—McClure's Magazine.

FLAT FEET ARE THE THING.

Use Wide Shoes and You Will Be Able to Walk Erectly.

Not more than two men in 100 walk erectly. This observation comes from a man who is a crank about the benefits of wide, flat shoes, says the New York Press. He declares he has made notes and knows what he is talking about. He thinks that the "two men in 100" wear the same kind of shoes that he wears, which look like those used for walking on water. This man also believes that the percentage of women who walk straight is so small that it is not worth considering.

The whole trouble he attributes to shoes. He says men and women were never intended to wear shoes at all. It is his observation that when the foot is flattened out and the toes spread the natural movement of the body is to straighten itself. This he attributes to certain muscular action, and he has a chart to prove it.

When the foot is compressed by a shoe and the toes jammed together there is a sympathetic tension on the whole muscular and nervous system which draws the body forward or bends it.

It has been noted in his calculations that persons in bathing costume on the beach walk much straighter. It is also a notable fact that the Indian, who runs barefooted on the plains, has the proudest kind of a walk. He is as straight as an iron pole.

HE CHANGED HIS MIND.

Praying for Death, the Lover Struggled Against It When Menaced.

A curious case of nervous hallucination is reported in the London Telegraph. At Bordeaux recently a hysterical Frenchman visited the tomb where his beloved was laid. Carrying a lighted candle and kneeling by her coffin, he exclaimed passionately: "Would I could die! Would I could die!" Just then the wind closed the door and extinguished the light. The bereaved lover who had just prayed for death rushed for the door; he could not open it; he tore at it, knocked, kicked, struggled, calling loudly for help. No answer, only the utter silence and darkness of the tomb. His wish to die was forgotten. He sank down and wept; his tears were not for his beloved, but for himself. He felt the pangs of hunger; he thought of his candle and cut it into four parts. He ate the first quarter the first day, the second quarter on the second day, the third on the third day, and the last quarter on the fourth day. No more, and he must die of starvation. He made one more desperate effort to open the door, when it suddenly opened and the keeper of the cemetery stood before him; the sunlight blinded him, and he fell from exhaustion. He had been there just four hours.

Hunting Deer with a Camera.

An important part of the modern sportsman's paper is the pictures. A part of the up-to-date sportsman's outfit is a camera, and no trophy, to his mind, equals a good picture of wild life in the woods. The Sportsmen's Review has such a picture in a recent issue. It shows two does walking, one behind the other, on their way to a spring somewhere beyond, along the foot of a hill slope, where thick bushes are shown, even to the little twigs. The deer are looking askantly toward the camera, as if watching an unexplained contrivance on three wooden legs partly concealed in the brush. The photographer of game running wild has to be the stillest, craftiest kind of a still hunter. He must find his game in open places on fair days, but once he gets a good shot, without the misfortune of a missfire, he is the happiest of mortals.—N. Y. World.

GOOD BREAKFAST DISHES.

A List of Delightful Recipes for the Spring-Time Breakfast Table.

It is your home woman with a practical knowledge of the advantages of genuinely good living that knows the first meal of the day should be a nutritious one. The breakfasts should be well cooked, the dishes appetizing and good to look at.

For all well-appointed breakfasts fruit, either raw or cooked in some way, generally begins this repast.

Apples cooked in this manner as a breakfast dish are a welcome variation: For a family of six take eight or ten fine soft tart apples, peel, core, slice and set to soak for at least three hours in sugar moistened with brandy and lemon juice. Drain from this and fry to a clear brown in butter, sprinkle well with powdered sugar and cinnamon; then serve.

It is to the southern housekeeper that we owe the cooking of hot breads in all their perfection. To make what is called pone, upon one quart of white cornmeal pour just enough boiling water to scald it through. After stirring it thoroughly, let it stand until cold; rub into it a piece of butter about the size of a small egg and add a little salt. Beat two eggs until light, without separating, add them to the meal, mix well, add one pint of sour milk or buttermilk, beat until smooth. Dissolve one teaspoonful of soda in a tablespoonful of boiling water, stir in the mixture, turn into a greased baking pan and bake in a quick oven for 35 minutes. This is a fine corn bread for either breakfast or tea.

Baked eggs as a delicacy for the early meal is unsurpassed. In a good hot oven on a stoneware platter melt a large lump of butter. When thoroughly softened shake it all over the dish in order to grease it well. On this hot butter drop six fresh eggs as if for poaching. When the whites are set they are done. This should be served with long and narrow pieces of toast without crust, which will act as a garnish for the edge of the dish.

Boston can boast of fine brown bread, and equally so the Boston brown hash, which is an excellent breakfast dish. Chop up the remains of any cold meat, either beef or mutton. At the bottom of the dish put a layer of mashed potatoes (cold ones will answer). Then a layer of meat, then a strata of stale bread crumbs, season with salt and pepper, here and there a few bits of butter, and moisten with a half cup of beef gravy; then another layer of potatoes. Drop a knife into milk and smooth over the top. Bake in a moderate oven until a nice brown. Serve hot.

For a cheese omelette break 12 eggs into a bowl, beat lightly with a fork for a minute only; add one cupful of milk and two ounces of American or Parmesan cheese grated, season with salt and pepper. Put in a frying pan two ounces of butter, when melted pour in the eggs. When they thicken sufficiently, fold in two and serve immediately. The best made omelette will spoil if kept waiting.—Detroit Free Press.

THE KNITTED WAISTCOAT.

Revival of a Smart Fashion First Introduced in Italy.

The new silks lately introduced for crocheting and knitting fashionable waistcoat forcibly recall the shimmering ones donned by our great-grandmothers, and most likely worked by themselves in faint imitation of the gorgeous articles worn by men during several centuries. The modern knitter will probably shrink from vying with the patient skill of the woman of a former age, but we may depend on the hand-knitting machines and manufacturers' frames to revive the idea and produce marvelous adaptations of the once gaudy craze. Here is an example of a showy waistcoat knit in 1712 by a Mrs. Beale, and described by "Malcolm" as knitted with green silk and gold and silver flowers all over it, further enhanced with about 14 yards of gold and silver thick lace. This smart fashion was probably first introduced from Italy, the country of gold and silver weaving. In fact, there is at the South Kensington museum a coat of Italian origin belonging to the 17th century, and similar to a cardigan without pockets. It is knitted in pale blue stocking web, set off in front and at the back with wide bands of flowers and scrolls wrought entirely in gold and silver, but whether knitted with the silk or grafted on the webbing is not easy to ascertain through the bad light and glass door. These designs extend about two inches from the shoulder seams down to three inches from the edge, which is knitted with three sets of dice pattern. The somewhat full sleeves are headed with several rows of garter stitch, and finished off with gauntlet cuffs displaying the fancy device. Blue silk binds the neck and the fronts, over which are either worked close buttonholes or sewn blue and tinsel buttons surrounded with the Greek pattern in chain stitch.—London Queen.

How to Pronounce Peking.

It is a very singular thing that so few persons know how to spell or pronounce the name of a Chinese city which we all spell and pronounce so many times over, especially since all Chinese affairs have become of more consequence to us in the last year. That city of Peking. No one, except some person who has lived in China, or who has been told by some one who has lived there, ever calls it anything but Pekin. Even the geographies make the same mistake. Yet it is as incorrect to omit the "g" as it would be to leave off the "k" in New York. It should be pronounced with the accent on the latter syllable, instead of, as most people give it, on the first.—Golden Days.

Coming to America.

A sight that will linger long in the memory was witnessed recently at the Gare St. Lazare. Huddled together against the wall, with bundles of clothes piled around them, and dressed in costumes strange to the ville lumiere, were 200 beings. They looked like hunted dogs and clung together, dazed at the noise and light. In truth they were a band of Armenians flying from their country. Without knowing a word of English, they have decided to go to America to seek a fortune.

LOVERS IN THE RANKS.

Courtships in the Salvation Army Are Under Strict Rules.

There Is No Privacy About Engagements, and There Is No Backing Out—Outsiders May Not Court the Army's Daughters.

Love at first sight doesn't go in the Salvation Army. There's no room there for lovesick maids or for sighing swains, and such amusements as flirtations are frowned upon from headquarters down to subalterns. No exceptions are made to these rules in any case. They apply to the commanders as well as to the humble recruit just received on probation.

This was admirably exemplified in the case of Commander and Mrs. Booth more than ten years ago. Ballington Booth, son of the general, met and fell in love with Maud Charlesworth, who had recently joined the army in London. She was only 17 and he was 23. The rule says that a Salvation Army woman must be 21 before she marries, and there was nothing for the couple to do but wait. Gen. Booth hustled his son off to Australia to look after the new field there, and to make sure that his affection for Miss Maud was lasting. As soon as Staff Capt. Charlesworth became of age she married the commander of the American forces.

This marriage was remarkable from the length of the engagement. Most engagements in the army last about two years. The first year it is termed courting, and no girl in the army can be courted until she has served at least one year. If a formal engagement follows it must last at least one year. There's no backing out, however, after the engagement has been entered into, although there is nothing binding on either side during the courting period.

As soon as the courting begins everybody is apprised of the relations, for the superior officers of the army must interest themselves in the couple. A girl cannot be courted by an outsider unless he promises to enlist in the army and then he cannot marry her if he is below her rank. If the lover is below her rank he must show ability that will bring promotion, and this ability must be certified by his superior officers before the engagement can be announced. This requisite ability must be positive, moreover. The young man must be indorsed as being capable of filling a position at least three stations above that which he holds when the courtship ended.

All the Salvation Army laws relating to marriage are for officers. They do not affect the rank and file of the enlisted men and women. They are left free to do as they choose. The laws are framed, though, to protect the women, because three-fourths of the officers in the army consist of women. They are as a rule superior in mentality to the men, and the aim of the rules is to spur the men on by making them work hard for what they desire. Some men in the army do not amount to much until they begin to court a girl, when they "take a brace" and soon win promotion. It might be noticed in passing that this is frequently true of men in other walks of life. The Salvation Army insists on this display of energy before a man can aspire to the hand and heart of one of the army's daughters, no matter how humble she may be.

Before persons can be in line for the position of officers they must state clearly whether or no they are in love, and must subscribe to each of the seven rules regarding courtship and marriage. The most important of these is the one forbidding engagements with outsiders. There must be unquestioned proof that the outsider will become an officer in the army before even the courtship is allowed. Strict as are the rules, they are not always lived up to. Girls even in the Salvation Army will fall in love and in forbidden directions. Disobedience to the rules means discipline and sometimes expulsion, and not infrequently the army loses a bright young female officer simply because she insists on loving and clinging to a man who will not join the army.

Officers must not be allowed to carry on any courtship in the town where they are appointed. Their influence is destroyed when it is known that they are engaged to soldiers. The laws add that soldiers so situated should ask for removal when "surrounding influences are found to be too strong."

In everything lovers are told that helpmates must be chosen "for the war," and "consent will never be given to any engagement or marriage which would take the officers out of the army." In explaining the object of this law the field book states that the army cannot afford to educate and train officers to have them leave. In leaving they are impressed that they violate their most solemn pledges.—N. Y. Press.

A New Dish to Him.

Corn calls to mind the duke of Marlborough's first experience with green corn on the cob. The incident was related by a gentleman who happened to travel in the same train with the duke the day he arrived in New York. It was the Newport train. Presently the duke went into the dining car to get a bit of luncheon. It happened to be in the green corn season, and he noticed that nearly everybody in the car was eating the corn from the cob. He had never seen anything like it before. He asked the waiter what it was, ordered a portion, and, receiving it, bit into it as he would bite into an apple. He had attempted to bite into the cob and had evidently received a shock—too great a shock to try the experiment again; for, upon being told that he must spread butter, salt and pepper on the corn and bite gently, he perversely took his fork and patiently picked the kernels, one by one, from the cob.

A Big Wheel.

The biggest wheel ever built in America, outside of the Ferris wheel, will be in operation at Bergen beach, a new resort now being put in order on Jamaica bay, next season. It will be 200 feet high, will be built entirely of steel, and will be much lighter than the Pittsburgh engineer's world's fair wonder. From the wheel tourists who take in Bergen beach next summer can command an unrivaled view of the ocean, Coney island and near-by resorts and the whole of Brooklyn.—Chicago Chronicle.

A PRETTY GIRL'S PROBLEM.

Tried to Buy Postage Stamps at Less Than the Market Price.

The sad event chronicled in the following lines occurred several days ago in the small and insignificant-looking structure on F street between Fourteenth and Fifteenth, which the United States government uses as a branch post office.

She was an extremely pretty girl, with the brightest eyes, the pinkest cheeks, the reddest lips, the cutest nose and the sunshiniest face that had been seen in that locality in years.

So pretty was she that the susceptible clerk at the stamp window gulped as if he had swallowed something as she came tripping up to the window and spoke to him.

"Have you postage stamps?" she asked, as innocently as if government post offices usually dealt in haystacks and grindstones.

But the clerk never noticed that. He didn't notice anything but the sparkling vision before him with three unstamped letters in its soft, white hand.

"Yes, miss," he responded, making a herculean effort to suppress his emotion.

"Can I get three for a nickel?"

Now, this clerk loved his little joke, and a man who will joke on a sacred subject is fit for treason, strategy and spoils.

"Yes, miss," he answered, and quite tenderly, too.

"Oh, how nice," she twittered. "Mamma said they never sold them any less, no matter how many we wanted. But I said I was sure they would, and now won't mamma be surprised when I tell her that I got three for a nickel?"

The coy, arch smile she sent fluttering through the window to the clerk was something to be treasured in the heart of any man to his dying day.

"I am sure she will," he murmured, smiling back at her as best he could under the circumstances.

"Will you give me three, please," and she laid a nickel down in the window before him.

He did not dare to look at her, but kept his eyes on the drawer where the stamps are confined.

As he picked out two twos and a one and laid them beside that soft, little hand waiting for them on the window sill, there came into her beautiful eyes such a look of tender reproach that he went right over to the registry clerk and registered a solemn vow that never, no, never again, would he permit his sense of duty to dull the finer faculties of his feeling.—Washington Star.

SPRING HATS.

Styles That Are Popular with the Ladies Just Now.

Large hats have not appeared yet. They will probably form a part of the summer millinery, but for the early spring the capote and toque are preferred, and these are generally made of fancy straws, violets and gauze. A beautiful "flower hat," however, has rather a wide straight brim. The shape is made of wired black net, but the whole brim is covered with Parma violets, with the leaves making an edge about the face. The crown is encircled by pink roses, with many green leaves, and a cluster of leaves and stalks rises up on one side. The whole chapeau is draped with a light cloud of green tulle. This use of tulle is very modish and appears on the majority of spring hats.

A pretty walking hat is of a fancy black straw and has a rolling brim. On one side there is a double brim, and the two are separated by a bunch of violets. The hat is charmingly trimmed with white gauze, greenish white snow-balls and Parma violets. Some trim little toques are made entirely of violets, with bunches of tulle and fancy quills on one side.

The regular style of trimming is entirely abandoned—in fact, spring millinery seems to have gone to the other extreme. Hats are turned up in every odd way possible, and toques are trimmed either in front or on one side, so as to do away with any regularity of for. Some little toques for theater wear have crowns of cloth-of-gold; and a toque with flaring wings is of cloth-of-silver embroidered with gold and trimmed with pink roses.

But to describe some of Virot's prettiest spring models. There are a number of fancy black straws trimmed with velvet in the bright green that is so modish now. One has the rolling brim turned up in an irregular three-cornered shape, and an additional trimming of pink roses and black cock plumes. A dear little toque is of shot blue and green straw. There is a ruffled band of peacock's plumage resting on the hair. Many hats and toques are trimmed with violets, and a profusion of tulle is used. Neck boas are huge ruffles of two shades of tulle, with a double green jabot in front. A charming one of green and violet tulle accompanies a toque of violets and fancy green straw arranged with a pale green cloud of tulle.—N. Y. Tribune.

To Roast a Fore-Quarter of Lamb.

Take a nicely cut fore-quarter of lamb, place it before a quick fire, and baste it well all the time it is cooking; about a quarter of an hour before it is ready to take from the fire, dredge a little flour over to froth and brown it. When laid on a hot dish, slip the knife between the shoulder and ribs to partially separate them, and place in the aperture a slice of fresh butter, a squeeze of lemon and a small pinch of cayenne; serve the lamb with a paper ruffle round the shank-bone and a little good gravy under the joint (mint sauce generally accompanies this dish). Allow a quarter of an hour to twenty minutes for every pound of meat to be roasted, and remember that lamb, like all young meat, should be thoroughly and well cooked.—Good Housekeeping.

Cream Cake.

Beat one tablespoonful of butter, the yolks of two eggs and three-fourths of a cup of sugar together, until light; then add one cup of water; add one tablespoonful of baking powder to one and one-fourth cups of flour, and sift carefully. Stir this into the other mixture and beat thoroughly; then stir in the well-beaten whites of the eggs, and bake in two or three layers. This may be put together with soft icing or with a mixture of fruit and icing.—Boston Globe.

UNCLE WILLIAM'S WISDOM.

Some Sage Observations on the Frailties of Men.

I have known a few men to pay outlawed debts for conscience's sake, but every time I have traded horses with one of them he took all manner of pains to hide the ring-bones and spavins and git the big end of the deal.

The first political candidate I voted for believed in old-fashioned methods and stole $10,000. Ever since then I have been voting for reform candidates, and the stealings have steadily advanced from $10,000 to all they could possibly lay hands on.

When I hear of a man being friendless I do not put it down to any shortcomings of his. On the contrary, I know that he lent the first 50 five dollars to ten dollars apiece and so estranged them, and the last 50 were refused and thus driven to talk against him. The world's friendship is more to be dreaded than the world's enmity.

There's heaps o' men who'll cheerfully spend two hours any day teachin' a dog to jump over a stick, but if their grown-up children don't know the alphabet they never worry over the fact.

It took the old man Parker ten years to make up his mind that it only rained 39 days and nights instead of 40, and just as he had it all settled they carried the whole family off to the poorhouse as paupers.

A man makes a fool of himself about once a month durin' his natural life, and yet because his horse balks once a year he jumps on his hat and wants to shoot somebody or somethin' right off quick.

I may be mistaken about it, but it has always seemed to me that the principal object in makin' campaign speeches was to give a few hundred men opportunity to lie about those who couldn't agree with 'em on matters in general.

We could probably have had chestnuts without worms if anybody had thought to mention it in time, but as we were all busy askin' after 'taters without any pits in 'em the chestnuts were overlooked. This bein' the case, the wiser way is to take what comes or turn to peanuts.

It isn't bein' disappinted in the big things of life which hurt a man the worst. The defeated candidate for governor gits over it after a few days, but the man who is kicked while applyin' mutton-taller to the sore heel of a mule can't feel right towards the world under 12 months.—Detroit Free Press.

AT ANY COST.

Edith Was Lonely, and Offered Big Inducements for Company.

In wrath and tears Edith Howlett had gone to bed. She had been tucked in once, given a drink twice, kissed good-night three times, and the lamp had been extinguished, but the spark of rebellion still burned in her childish soul.

"Mamma," she cried.

"Go to sleep, Edith," her mother said, sternly; "I shall not come in there again."

"I want a drink, mamma," Edith pleaded.

"You've had two drinks already. Now go to sleep."

There was a brief silence, and then Edith tried again.

"Mamma, come and kiss me good-night."

"You've been kissed good-night, dear, and I shall not come in again, so go to sleep at once like a good girl."

There was another pause, while the lonely child cudgeled her little brain for a new expedient.

"Mamma," she cried, at last, "please come in; I'm so hungry."

"You cannot have anything to eat to-night, and if I come in there again," the mother said, with rising choler, "it will be to give you a good spanking!"

There was a longer pause, and just as it began to look as if the evening's battle were over, the child's voice was heard again.

"Mamma," she pleaded, "I'm so lonely in here. Please come in and spank me!"—Harper's Magazine.

A Small Custodian.

It would be hard to surpass the gentle humor of the following primary schoolma'am's story: "Maggie came into school after recess recently, chewing vigorously," she began. "I thought that perhaps she was finishing an apple or a piece of candy, so did not say anything to her. I happened to look in Maggie's direction about half an hour afterward and noticed that the masticating process was going on as hard as ever. Of course, I immediately jumped at the conclusion that she was chewing that children's delight and teacher's horror—gum. I called Maggie up to my desk and accused her of chewing gum. She denied it at once. She stopped chewing, but had had no time to remove the gum, for I watched her closely as she came to my desk from her seat. I talked rather sharply to her, and she finally broke down and began to cry. 'I was only minding it for Katie Jones,' she sobbed."—Portland (Me.) Express.

FADS OF FAMOUS MEN.

Mental Eccentricities of People Who Have Earned Wide Celebrity.

Genius is spontaneous, fluctuating and wholly inexplicable, but with all of its bewildering mysticism and intervals of childish weakness the world pays lasting tribute to its strange phenomena, and would at any moment gladly possess itself of it, says Sunny South. Genius, in which we find the fiery threads of passion woven, is almost always attended by mental eccentricities or physical impotency. Julius Caesar was an epileptic, whereas Dr. Johnson exhibited a senseless habit in not being able to pass a certain post without first touching it with his hands, and should he pass it by without conferring this mark of distinction he would retrace his steps as soon as the slight occurred to him and lay his hands upon it. It is said his head could not rest easy until this childish performance had been gone through with, yet we profess wonder at a poor, ignorant negro who draws a cross mark in the "big road" and spits in it before daring to turn back. Napoleon's hobby was counting the blinds in the windows as he passed through the streets and adding up the numbers.

Cambria Freeman.

EBENSBURG, CAMBRIA CO., PA.,

FRIDAY, - - - - APRIL 24, 1896.

THE Democratic state committee met on Wednesday at one o'clock P M., in the Board of Trade Rooms, Harrisburg Hon R E. Wright was elected to succeed himself as state Chairman.

THE state deparrtment has issued a a warrant for the surrender to Canadian authoritis of Charles Ryan, arrested at Easton. Pa., on a charge of highway robbery in Canada.

THE enormous amount of wood used every year for the purpose of making paper may be estimated from the fact that the *Petit Journal* of Paris, which has a circulation of over 1,000,000 copies a day and is printed on wood pulp paper, consumes in a year 120,000 fir trees of an average height of 65 feet This is equivalent to the annual thinning of 25,000 acres of forest land.

PRACTICALLY without opposition, and without taking a yea and nay vote, the senate on Friday afternoon, in executive session, ratified the treaty with Great Britain, providing for the appointment of a commission for the assessment of the damages growing out of the seizure of vessels engaged in sealing in the Bering sea. There were one or two verbal, but unimportant, amendments.

TWENTY years ago Charles Moon was one of a number of employes who went on a strike from a shovel and handle manufacturing concern at Pittsburg. The men, when they struck were making nearly $5, but struck for $6 per day, Moon asked for lodging at one of the Pittsburg police staions the other night and stated that he had not worked since he strike, twenty years ago, nor would he until he could get at least $6 per day.

THE house committee on territories voted Monday to report favorably the bill to admit Arizonia as a state. That territory has an estimated population of 77,000—an actual one of much smaller proportions. That is to say, it has about as many people as Scranton or Patterson or Fall River. Yet it is proposed to give to this combination of gravel pits and uninhabitable mountains two senators, one representative and three electoral votes. In New York, Massachusetts, Ohio, Illinois and the other states only one congressman is allowed to 173,901 inhabitants. Arizona, with only 77,000 people have a congressman and two senators if the bill favored by the committee is passed. There are plenty of bad precedents for this sort of thing, but there is neither sense nor justice in it.

OF all the examples of senatorial gall, few have excelled the proposition from the committee on elections to pay three senators from Wyoming, Montana and Washington the salary for two years before they were elected and qualified.

These three persons were appointed by the governors of their states to vacancies which the governors were not qualified to fill. So the senate decided. They came to Washington, but they were not admitted, and they performed no service whatever, except in the lobbies. Subsequently they were regularly elected and took their seats and have been drawing their salaries since.

Now they want to be paid for the time that they would have liked to be senators but were not—$10,000 apiece. Impudence could hardly go farther. And the worst of it is the senate is quite capable, in its "courtesy," of acceding to the demand.

IN General Jackson's time a man who had 16 ounces of silver could sell them in the market for one ounce of gold; and so General Jackson who was a square dealing man approved the coinage ratio putting sixteen times as much silver into a coined silver dollar as was required of gold for a gold dollar. But the large quantities of silver produced of late years, and the improved and cheapened processes of mining it and extracting the pure metal from the ore have so reduced its value that it now requries 32 ounces of silver to buy an ounce of gold. If General Jackson were alive he would not be caught in the company of the cheap money advocates who wish to put 50 cents worth of silver into a dollar and pay 100 cents of debt with it. He adjusted his ratio of intrinsic value, so that all the dollars in the hand of the people should be real dollars, worth as much after they are melted by fire as they were before melting.

"THE naked proposition is that the United States shall coin, at the public expense, for the exclusive benefit of the individuals and corporations owning the bullion, all the silver that may be presented at the mints into dollars containing 371¼ grains of pure silver, or 412½ grains of standard silver, worth intrinsically about 51 or 52 cents, deliver the coins to the depositors of the bullion, and compel all the other people in the country to receive these coins at a valuation of 100 cents each in the payment of debts due them for property sold, for labor and service of all kinds, for pensions to soldiers and sailors and their widows and children, for losses sustained under policies issued by life and other insurance companies, for deposits in savings banks, trust companies, building associations and other institutions, for debts due to widows and orphans by guardians, executors and administrators of decedents' estates and other trustees, for salaries of all civil, military and naval officials, and the compensation of private soldiers and seamen, and, in short, for every kind of obligation recognized by the law of the land, except only in cases where the prudent capitalist has taken the precaution in advance to contract for payment in gold or its equivalent."—John G. Carlisle, in a speech to the workingmen of Chicago.

THESE is a class of party speakers and writers who, says the Philadelphia *Times*, assume, and sometimes with safety, that people have short memories and that it is unnecessary to adhere to facts. For example, the chairman of the New Jersey Republican convention thought he had made a telling point when he said that "under this Democratic regime the surplus in the treasury, which so distressed our Democratic friends mysteriously disappeared, and has never been heard of since."

The national finances are too serious a subject to be discussed for partisan effect, but even from that standpoint it might be thought that the disappearance of the surplus was a thing that a Republican campaign orator would prefer to say little about. When Harrison was elected president the net cash in the treasuly outside the hundred million gold reserve was $133,533,834. When Cleveland was elected, four years later, it had been reduced to $30,328,918, and before March this small sum was so nearly exhausted that the treasury was obliged to postpone the payment of warrants and the gold reserve itself was infringed upon. The surplus had disappeared before the Democratic regime came in.

And there was nothing mysterious about its disappearance. It was spent. In the four years from 1886 to 1889 the excess of receipts over expenses had been $396,529,000. In 1889 it was $87,761,000, and for the fiscal year of 1890, for which the appropriations had been made by the old congress under the old revenue laws, it was $105,345,000. Then the Reed McKinley congress got to work, reducing the revenues slightly and increasing the expenditures largely. In 1891 the surplus revenue was reduced to $37,240,000; in 1892, to $9,915,000, and in 1893, to $2,342,000. The McKinley act and the Sherman act were then well under way, and the next year the surplus had changed to a deficit of $69,803,000.

During this year the Sherman silver act was repealed and the new tariff put in operation, and for the fiscal year of 1895 the deficit was reduced to $42,805,000. This year it will be further reduced to about $25,000,000 or less, and in another year, with no change in the revenue laws, it would probably disappear. But even in 1895 the receipts were larger than in 1892, and would have yielded a large surplus if the expenditures had remained the same as in 1889 or 1890.

The Reed-McKinley-Harrison regime was able to increase the annual appropriations one hundred millions in three years without immediate disaster, at the same time issuing four millions a month of new demand notes, solely because of the plethoric condition in which it found the treasury. It left the treasury bankrupt, with a currency panic clearly foreshadowed, and the present administration has been struggling against odds to mitigate the evil results of four years of financial blundering. That is the truth, though it may not suit partisans to acknowledge it.

THE state Republican convention, says the Harrisburg *Patriot*, of Thursday, will to-day, with what is popularly misnamed enthusiasm, endorse Senator Quay for the presidency. It will do so not because the gentleman has any peculiar fitness for the place. It will do so for one reasen solely because the man himself demands it.

Less than a decade ago such action would have been believed absolutely impossible on the part of any future state convention. Indeed had Senator Quay as late as two years ago declared that in the event of General Hastings' election as governor he would be a presidential candidate and had General Hastings added to the announcement that he, as governor of the commonwealth, would take pride in presenting the name of the Beaver politician to the national convention, General Hastings would now be practicing law in Bellefonte and William M. Singerly would be occupying the executive mansion on the Susquehanna's banks.

But "things are differnt now." The public conscience appears to be stilled. The independence of high-minded Republicans seems to have voluntarily shackled itself. No voice within his party protests against Quay's nomination and tyranny save that of a once power gorged and always corrupt politician from the western metropolis of the state and his cry comes not from a tortured heart but out of an emptied stomach. Men high in private positions, men elevated in great organizations and institutions, men raised to the bench, all alike vie in paying court to the boss whose throne was tottering amid a sea of corruption later than a twelve month ago, the boss whose daily steps for years have invited and have been beset by nameless dangers and whose example, since he entered public life. has been persistently harmful and abhorrent.

"Do evil deeds thus quickly come to end?" Are the rewards for those who offend and the penalties for those who would be faithful? Are the higher purposes of the Republican party in Pennsylvania to be abandoned, shall its noble achievements cease to be reverenced, its great leaders be forgotten, that an enriched and implacable boss may gain greater power, more deeply plant the seeds of corruption more grievously wrong and oppress a great commonwealth? Or will there yet come a great outcry, a moral revolution, before it is too late?

MR. GEORGE B. ROBERTS, president of the P. R. R company, insists that business last fall started out well and energetically and that had it not been for the Jingoes and free silver agitators we would now be in very prosperous times. The two things which he firmly believes necessary to quick and permanent prosperity are "sound money' and "rest from tariff agitations." These are necessary to good times and just so soon as the agitation for free silver and high tariff cease, business will begin to boom again.

Washington Letter.

Washington, D. C., April 18th, 1896. Speaker Reed is now the object of the McKinleyites hatred to a marked extent. They realize that if McKinley fails to capture the Republican nomination it will be because of Reed's opposition, which is making itself felt in a much stronger manner than some people deemed possible. A prominent McKinleyite said under conditions which prevail the use of his name: "Reed may possibly succeed in keeping McKinley out of the nomination, but it won't do him any good. Not only will McKinley's friends work against Reed, if they find themselves unable to win, but they will endeavor to throw the nomination to some man who will not treat Reed any better than Harrison did during his term.

Although the charge has not directly been made, the inference from the repeated refusals of Senator Mitchell, of Oregon, who is in charge of the resolution, to set a date for taking a vote on the question of seating Col Dupont as Senator from Delaware, is that he is afraid to have a vote taken. Senator Gorman evidently does not take much stock in the talk of adjournment in May, as he remarked when Senator Mitchell tried to give his reasons for not setting a date for a vote, that it meant it would be put off until after June 1.

Two Republican members of the house who have been indulging in dreams of the figure they would cut in the speaker's chair of the next house, provided, of course, that the Rebublicans continue to control that body, were very much disgusted when it was authoritatively denied that Speaker Reed intended to retire from public life if he failed to get nominated for president Their dream is over, unless they can get Reed nominated at St. Louis, as they know he can be speaker as long as he remains in the house and the house remains Republican. Hopkins, of Illinois, and Barrett, of Mass, are the members referred to.

There is no longer any reason for doubt as to where Speaker Reed stands. The platform adopted by the Maine Republicans this week was submitted to Mr. Reed for his approval and for the purpose of allowing him to make any desired changes therein several days before the convention met Mr Reed revised the platform and made several changes in its wording, so that it may be considered as a personal declaration of principles held by him He deserves more credit than McKinley for his handling of the financial question, he doesn't try to straddle it but comes out squarely against silver and in favor of gold.

At a meeting of the executive committee of the National Association of Democratic clubs held here this week, it was decided to hold the next national convention of the association at St. Louis, on September 30th. next. The committee adopted a resolution thanking all who helped to make the Jefferson birthday pilgrimage to Monticello a success. After adjourning the committee called in a body at the White House, to pay their respects to Presiden Cleveland.

Representative Livingston, of Ga., succeeded in getting applause from both sides of the house in a few remarks he made, which he called explanatory of the increase from $2,000,000, which was the amount appropriated last year, to $11,000,000, which was carried by the Fortification appropriation bill passed this week. Said Mr. Livingston: "I congratulate the country that it is now conceded that McKinley will be the next Republican nominee and that the A. P. A. will beat him. (This was loudly applauded by the anti-McKinley Republicans.) It is also acknowledged that the Jeffersonian Democracy will control the Chicago convention and give relief to the country. After March 4, next the country will be safe." This was applauded by all. Proceeding Mr. Livingston said it was common sense to prepare for war, even when it wasn't anticipated. At this point Mr. Walsh of New York, interrupted to ask if Mr. Livingston knew that England had sent 45 rapid-fire guns to Kingston, Canada, for the protection of the lakes. "It matters not," replied Mr. Livingston, "if she has sent 45,000. We can, in the event of war, take Canada in three weeks, no matter how many guns or men she might send there." That brought the loudest applause of all.

Notwithstanding pressure to relax the strict enforcement of the immigration laws brought by agents of the steamship lines, Commissioner Stump of the Immigration Bureau says the letter of the law will be strictly enforced and that if it becomes necessary to relieve the overcrowded station in New York harbor the Italian immigrants will be put back upon the steamers which brought them over until their right to land is established. The steamship men knew the law when they brought those paupers over here. M.

Fatal Philadelphia Fire.

The explosion of a gasoline tank under the train sheds of the old Pennsylvania Railroad Station at Thirty-second and Market streets, Philadelphia, at about 4:20 o'clock Saturday afternoon, led to a conflagration which totally destroyed that building, eight Pullman coaches, twelve ordinary Pennsylvania day coaches, and an immense amount of supplies and valuable documents. The loss, so far as could be ascertained, will reach nearly, if not quite, half a million dollars, as that in coaches alone will amount to nearly $250,000. During the course of the fire five firemen were overcome by the intense heat, nine were injured, two of whom afterward died from their injuries, while one Pennsylvania Railroad employee was overcome by the heat, and a boy was injured during the excitement incident to the arrval of engines.

Aged Men Burned to Death.

Pottstown, April 18 —Philip Fillman, aged 65 years, met with a horrible death while burning brush yesterday at his home at St. Mary, Warwick township, Chester county. Not returning for supper, a search was instituted and his charred body was found alongside the brush heap. Being affected with dizziness for some time, it is supposed he was suddenly overcome with an attack and fell into the flames. He was a life-long resident of Warwick township.

Daniel Barto, aged 70, residing near Gablesville, was so badly burned while burning brush yesterday that he died from his injuries several hours afterwards. His arms were almost burned from his body.

Nothing Heard of Nansen.

St. Petersburg, April 19 —The police have a report from Ust Yansk, Northern Siberia, that nothing is known there of Dr. Nansen. Ust Yansk is the point east of the Lena Delta. from which was dated the first report by Kusharff, contractor for Nansen, that the explorer had reached the pole and was returning. The report which the police have now received also says that the natives who stayed from May to November on the Liakhoff and Koteiny Islands, where Baron Toll's provision stores intended for Nansen's use are placed, saw no wreckage or sign of Nansen.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Tornado in Ohio.

Fremont, Ohio, April 20 —A tornado swept over Sandusky county this afternoon, carrying death and destruction in its path A large portion of the richest farming section in the state is literally a barren waste to-night.

At least three persons were killed out right, others are dying and a large number were injured. Four miles north of here the home of W. L. Green, a well-to-do farmer, was crushed like an egg shell. Mr Green and his son were found dead and mangled near by and Mrs. Green was fatally hurt. The baby was blown twenty rods away in its cradle, which was smashed to pieces, but the youngster was uninjured and attracted the rescuing party to its predicament by crowing lustily for help, when they arrived two hours later.

Near by was a school house with fifty pupils, but the wind missed it by a few rods. It was the only building spared in the vicinity. Further on a school house was completely demolished, but fortunately the scholars were taking a vacation this week. At Amos Herrick's farm Herrick and John Low were shearing sheep in the barn. The building was smashed and Low was blown forty rods against a tree and killed. Herrick escaped with slight injuries.

Every bridge, barn and fence and nearly every tree in Rice and Sandusky townships were destroyed. A tree was blown upon a passing freight train, crushing the cabosse and fatally injuring a brakeman. Two others were badly hurt. It is feared further reports of death will come in.

A Woman Almost Lynched.

Shamokin, April 20 —The infant child of Emma Boatner was missing today. It was reported that the woman had disposed of her child by unfair means, whereupon 200 women collected and urged her to tell where the child was. She refused.

A rope was procured and the young woman was dragged from bed. She was taken to the yard and threatened with hanging unless she revealed the whereabouts of the child The terrified young woman led the mob to Coal Run creek, close by, where she dug from the banks the corpse of the missing infant

This so enraged the women that they were about to string Miss Boatner up when a crowd of miners hearing the uproar hurried to the scene in time to prevent a lynching. Emma Boatner was carried to her home in time to be arrested by a posse who had been summoned when the women took her from the house.

She was taken before Justice Rowe who, finding that she was in a fainting condition, had her removed to the almshouse, where she is now lying at the point of death.

Murdered by Burglars.

Indianapolis, Ind., April 19.—Leo Hirth, a well-known and wealthy citizen, living at No. 1020 West Washington street, was instantly killed at 2 o'clock this morning by two masked men, who were discovered in his bed room, and whom he pursued into the rear part of the house. Mrs. Hirth was awakened by a noise in the room and saw two men standing in the doorway leading to another room. She gave the alarm by calling to her husband, whereupon one of the men leveled a pistol at her and fired, the bullet entering the headboard, just above where she lay. A second shot followed an instant later, and the two men turned towards the rear of the house. Mr. Hirth was awakened by the first shot, and sprang from the bed and followed the intruders As he passed into the room immediately back of the sleeping apartment, a third shot was fired, which sent a bullet through his heart.

Big Shovel Trust Formed.

Anderson, Ind., April 19.—Representatives from all the 14 shovel factories in the United States, it is reported here, have formed a combination. The factories are located in Philadelphia, Pittsburg and Beaver Falls, Pa; Louis, Mo; Terre Haute, Ind., and Anderson. Organization will be completed at another meeting in Boston late next week. The trust has already advanced the price 20 per cent., and since April 9 not an order has been booked at the old quotations It is proposed to limit the output to 400,000 dozen shovels a year, which is about the limit of the country's demand. None of the plants in the trust will be permitted to increase its output, and, should it sell more than it manufactures, the privilege of placing the order must be purchased from the trust.

Married but Four Months.

Lititz, Penna., April 17.—Joseph Dougherty, formerly of Philadelphia, who has been living here for the past fifteen months, this evening shot his wife and then shot himself. The woman died several hours later, but Dougherty is still living The woman was only twenty years old.

The couple came to Lancaster to-day and Dougherty became partially intoxicated. He purchased cartridges for a pistol and immediately after his return home shot his wive in their bed room. The woman's wound was at first not considered fatal, but she lived only two hours. The couple had been married but four months and no cause is known for the tragedy.

Suffering In Alaska.

San Francisco, April 19.—According to advices received per schooner Excelsior, serious state of affiairs reigns in Alaska. Sitka and Juneau are overflowing with miners who cannot start for the gold fields on account of the ice. Provisions are plentiful, but the prices charged are exhorbitant. Some of the men are destitute and have not taken enough gold to pay for a second class passage to Puget Sound, much less San Francisco. The gold fields, as a rule, are said to be a miserable apology for an Eldorado.

More Massacres Feared.

Constantinople, April 21.—Authentic information received here shows that the Turkish prison at Marash is crowded with Armeniaas, who, it is added, are subjected to horrible tortures.

A renewal of the massacres is feared The Redifs and Bashibazouks quartered at Zeitoun are devastating the lands of the Armenians. The police have recommenced to arrest Armenians.

FREAKS OF THE STORM

A Steamer Almost Capsized on the Sandusky River.

MANY PEOPLE HAD CLOSE CALLS.

Some Pinned Down by the Timbers of Their Ruined Homes—A Buggy Caught by the Wind and the Occupants Received Severe Injuries.

FREMONT, O., April 22.—Further particulars of the cyclone have been secured after a careful tour of the entire district traversed by the storm

The fine farm residence and all buildings on the farm of George H Waggoner were razed to the ground Here it was while shearing sheep in the barn, that John Lowe met death George Waggoner and his 16-year-old son were pinned between the timbers and only liberated after hard work Their injuries while serious are not fatal

In the house were Waggoner's wife and two daughters They were thrown several rods and badly injured Amos Hetrick was struck by a flying timber and his left leg crushed The sawmill owned by Dan Hensel is a complete wreck. Mrs Joseph L Greene, who was badly injured with the. During the windstorm Mrs William Sherf and children were driving in a buggy The outfit was wrecked and they were hurled against a tree and severely injured

The steamer Colonel Bartlett was coming up the river, and when struck by the gale nearly capsized and shipped a large amount of water. On board were two government inspectors besides the crew, and they had a narrow escape from drowning. Part of the gale struck the Blue Banks just as a botanizing class were starting home in a covered carriage. The carriage was wrecked and the students thrown in all directions It is believed that some of those injured cannot survive

Another Victim of the Storm.

ALLIANCE, O., April 22.— Another victim of the storm has been learned of Mrs. Edward Miller, wife of a farmer, went to the pasture after the cows, before the storm and did not return Her dead body was found after the storm It was supposed she died from fright affecting her heart.

SCOTT JACKSON ON TRIAL.

The Jurors Selected and Testimony Is Being Taken

CINCINNATI, April 22.—A jury has been secured and the trial of Scott Jackson for the murder of Pearl Bryan has commenced at Newport, Ky.

Judge Helm presides Counsel for the prosecution are Commonwealth Attorney M. R Lockhart, County Attorney Ramsay Washington, Colonel R W Nelson of Newport and Attorney Hayes of Green Castle, Ind., the two last named being employed by the Bryan family. Attorneys for Jackson are Colonel George Washington and Colonel L. J Crawford of Newport and W. G. Sheppard of Hamilton, O., who will appear for Walling when his trial comes up. George Washington and Ramsay Washington, father and son, are on opposite sides in this case

After the jury was sworn the court ordered the prosecution and defense to read a list of their witnesses. Colonel Crawford, for the defense, gave notice of exceptions to this order.

Commonwealth Attorney Lockhart read the indictment and stated what the line of the prosecution would be In this he announced the purpose to attack Jackson's character, showing he lived a double life

The first witness called was John Huhng, the boy that found the dead body of Pearl Bryan on Feb. 1 The second witness, Dr. W. S Tingley, who saw the body two hours after its discovery and who attended both post mortems, gave important testimony. He said the girl must have been killed where the body was found not earlier than the midnight before her body was found; that the knife that cut her head off was a sharp instrument and the hand that wielded it a skilled hand. Judge Helm aided in cross-examining the witness. The defense objected and was overruled and took exceptions. Jackson was calm and took notes of the proceedings

Nebraska Silver Democrats.

LINCOLN, Neb., April 22.—The state convention of the silver wing of the Democratic party of Nebraska convened in Lincoln today to select delegates to the Chicago convention Silver resolutions will be adopted. The delegation expects to have to fight for admission, but expects to win easily.

Instructed For McKinley.

NASHVILLE, April 22.—At Summertown the Republican convention of the Seventh congressional district selected delegates to St Louis and instructed them for McKinley

Silver Men In Control

MONTGOMERY, Ala., April 22.—Free silver men control the Democratic state convention and will nominate Johnston for governor, and endorse free silver

This Audience Was Sensible.

New York, April 22.—Shortly before 10 o'clock to night a fire was discovered behind the scenes of the Standard theatre while a play was in progress. Without any loss of time the curtain was dropped and the manager told the audience that a slight fire was going on in the scenery and that there was no danger. He asked the audience to withdraw, as he thought it was the most prudent thing to be done. The audience then left the theatre without undue excitement and the fire was extinguished in few minutes. The loss was slight.

Pierced by a Lath.

Alliance, O., April 22.—Ferdinand Zurbrugg, employed in a saw mill near here, met with an unfortunate accident to-day. A piece of lath, hurled by the saw with great force, ploughed its way into his abdomen, making a horrible wound. He succeeded in removing the lath and walked home, leaving a trail of blood behind. He will die.

Beware of Counterfeitors

Who infest the market and are the means of robbing sick people of their money, and what is of still greater consequence of not unfrequently aggravating the complaints under which they labor. It is an act of duty we owe to society to warn the people against these dangerous frauds A little care on the part of the purchaser will protect them from imposition by bearing in mind these facts: Never buy where it is offered in bulk, (in keg or jug) as the genuine Hostetter's Stomach Bitters are sold only in bottles, having the handsome steel plate label displaying the combat between St. George and the Dragon, and having at the bottom a miniature note of hand for one cent, bearing a facsimile of the signature of the president of the company. Over the cork is a metallic cap, on which is impressed the name of the article, together with a medallion head in the centre. Any person selling the counterfeit Hostetter's Stomach Bitters we shall not hesitate to bring to justice, as we never fail to convict.

B. & B.

SALE

FIN ELINENS

Every woman knows the superior merit of N. J. Richardson's Sons & Owden's Linens. The finest and best made in Belfast, Ireland, where they've been making Linens for over a hundred years, and have a world-wide reputation for producing choice honest goods. We bought over Five Thousand Dollars worth of

FINE TABLE CLOTHS AND NAPKINS

alone, on such basis as permits our selling them at the makers price as follows:

FINE TABLE CLOTHS

2 yards wide and 2 yards long, $3.25, $3.75, $4.00 and $4.25.
2 yards wide and 2½ yards long, $3.50, $4.50, $5.00, $5.50 and $10.00.
2 yards wide and 3 yards long, $6.00, $6.50, $8.50 and $9.50.
2 yards wide and 3½ yards long, $5.50, $6.50, $8.50, $9.50, $10.00 & $11.50.
2 yards wide and 4 yards long, $6.50, $7.50 and $9.00.

Please do not confound these with ordinary Linens, as they are quite different and much better.

2½ yards wide and 2½ yards long, $5.50, $7.00, $9.00 and $12.00.
2½ yards wide and 3 yards long, $6.50, $8.50, $9.50, $11.00 and $14.50.
2½ yards wide and 3½ yards long, $8.00, $10.00, $11.50, $13.00 and $17.00.
2½ yards wide and 4 yards long, $9.00 $11.00 and $14.00.

The Napkins match most of the Cloths, but you can get either Cloth or Napkins separate.

Five-eighths size Napkins, $3.50, $4.75 and $4.75 a dozen.

Three-quarter size Napkins, $5.50, $7.00, $8.50 and $10.25 a dozen.

This is a great opportunity to replenish your Linen Closet, and we hope to receive your Mail Orders for them.

Send for samples of Dress Goods, Suitings, Silks, Fine Wash Goods.

BOGGS & BUHL,

Allegheny, Pa.

EMINENTLY SUCCESSFUL

His Rooms are Crowded.

Everybody Satisfied.

Dr. McClellan,

Celebrated Specialist,

Formerly in charge of the Electrical and Medical Department of the Hale Sanatatian, Hot Springs, Ark., will be at the

MOUNTAIN HOUSE,

EBENSBURG, PENNA.,

—ON—

Tuesday, May 5, 1896.

DR McCLELLAN has been connected with the largest hospitals in the country, and has no superior in diagnosing and treating diseases and deformities. He will give $50 for any case that he cannot tell the disease and where located in five minutes. He will return to Ebensburg every four weeks during the coming year.

Treats all curable Medical and Surgical Diseases, Acute and Chronic Catarrh, Diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose, Throat and Lungs, Dyspepsia, Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Kidney, Liver, Bladder, Chronic Female and Sexual Diseases.

Epilepsy and Fits Cured.

A Positive Guarantee to

Young Men and Middle-Aged Men

Suffering from Spermatorrhea and Impotency as the result of self-abuse in youth or excesses in mature years, and other causes producing some of the following effects: Emissions, blotches, debility, nervousness, dizziness, confusion of ideas, aversion to society, defective memory and sexual exhaustion, which unfits the victim for business or marriage, are permanently cured by Remedies not injurious.

Blood and Skin Diseases.

Syphilis and contamination, as sore throat, falling out of the hair, pain in the bones, eruptions, etc., are perfectly eradicated without mercury or other injurious drugs.

Gonorrhea, Gleet, Stricture, and all Urinary and Kidney troubles are speedily cured by treatment that never failed. He undertakes no incurable case, but cures thousands given up to die. Remember the date and come early, as his rooms are always crowded wherever he stops.

STATE BOARD OF MEDICAL EXAMINERS, BUFFALO, N. Y., Nov. 22, 1891.

From what I know of Dr. I. A. McClellan, I am certain that he is eminently qualified as a physician and specialist to treat all forms of chronic diseases, and that his success has been marked—not only has he had great experience, but he is also a thorough and conscientious practitioner and deserves its success.

DR H. J. LINN,
President State Board of Medical Examiners.

EXAMINATIONS FREE.

Correspondence - Solicited - and - Confidential.

ADDRESS

Dr. McClellan,

Lake Erie Infirmary, 178 Chippawa street, MAIN OFFICE,
627 Main street, Buffalo, New York.

Corn

Potatoes and all spring crops will grow better and yield far more, if you use

$20 Phosphate

Finest fertilizer for all kinds of soil. Direct from manufacturer to farmer (no agents). Special prices for carload lots. New price list mailed free.

YORK CHEMICAL WORKS, York, Pa.

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CANCER and TUMORS CURED. no knife. Book free. DRS. GRATIGNY & BUSH, 163 Elm St. Cincinnati, O.

GRAND

SPRING

OPENING

Grand Spring Opening of New Wraps, Dress Goods, Millinery, etc.

Among our special things we mention
44in. Dress Goods, Black and Navy, 25c.
New Shirting, assorted patterns, 4c.
Good Muslin, 5c.
Good Gingham, 5c up.
All-wool Henrietta, black, 44in, 42c.
All-wool Serge, black and colors, 25c.
6-4 Chenelle Covers, 75c.
White Spreads, full size, 67c.
Outing Flannel, 5c. up.
Novelty Dress Goods, black and navy, 20c.
Ladies' seamless black Hose, 2 pairs for 25c.
Large heavy linen Towels, 25c. pair.
Small Butter-Towels, linen, 2 pairs for 25c.
Ladies' Wash Waists, 25c. up.

Also a splendid assortment of new Dress Goods, Millinery, Persian Silk for Trimming, Underwear, Notions, ladies' and children's Coats.

We have the agency for the Standard Patterns and P. N. Corsets.

☞Remember as a special inducement we give a give a Good Nickel Alarm Clock with a purchase of $10 or over.

We sell all goods at the very closest figures and cannot be undersold.

Mrs. R. E. JONES,

EBENSBURG.

GRAND OPENING

OF

SPRING GOODS

AT

BRADLEY'S MAIN STREET CASH STORE.

New things in Dress Goods, Fancy and Plain, New Styles in Wrapper Goods, Mosburg Silk Finish Henrietta from 13c. to 16c. per yard, entirely new. New Lining of all the latest kinds in the market.

New Embroideries, Laces and Trimmings.

Full assortment of Prints, Ginghams and Muslins Full line of all the latest styles in Ladies' and Children's Shoes.

IN MEN'S WEAR

we carry all the latest styles in Shoes, Shirts, Hats, &c., at very low prices. Come and see us when in town.

THOS. BRADLEY,

GALLITZIN.

It is a Great Comfort

to a tidy housekeeper to have a good cooking appliance.

The Cinderilla Stoves and Ranges

are sure bakers and perfect roasters.

Noted for their durability, convenience and economy.

Everything is the best:—EXPERIENCE, MATERIAL and SKILL.

Their cleanliness lessens labor. Their economy saves money.

☞Sold by the following dealers:
EBENSBURG—H. A. Shoemaker. CARROLLTOWN—P. J. Dietrich. HASTINGS—I. E. Bender. SPANGLER—E. M. Binder. PATTON—A. M. Thomas. LILLY—F. C. George. SOUTH FORK—N. S. George & Son. [feb27 95]

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

Schedule in effect November 17, 1895.

Connections at Cresson.

EAST.

Seashore Express, week days	6 30 a m
Altoona Accommodation, week days	9 23 a m
Main Line Express, daily	10 50 a m
Altoona Express, daily	1 00 p m
Harrisburg Accommodation, Sundays only	1 07 p m
Mail Express, daily	5 17 p m
Philadelphia Express, daily	8 12 p m

WEST.

Johnstown Accommodation, week days	8 14 a m
Pacific Express, daily	8 37 a m
Way Passenger, daily	2 36 p m
Mail Train, daily	4 26 p m
Fast Line, daily	8 28 p m
Johnstown Accommodation, week days	8 34 p m

Ebensburg Branch.

Trains leave Ebensburg as follows: 7.20 and 3.30 p. m. and arrive at Cresson at 7.57 a. m. and 4.05 p. m. Leave Cresson at 9.30 a. m and 5.35 p. m., and arrive at Ebensburg at 10.05 a. m., and 6.10 p. m.

Cresson and Clearfield

Leave Irvona at 8.45 a. m. and 3.10 p. m. arriving at Cresson at 8.05 a. m. and 4.10 p. m. Leave Cresson 9.35 a. m. and 5.30 p. m., arriving at Irvona at 10.55 a m. and 6.50 p. m.

For rates, maps, etc., call on agent or address Thos. E. WATT, P. A. W. D., 200 Fifth Ave., Pittsburg, Pa.

S. M. PREVOST, General Manager. J. R. WOOD, General Manager.

JOHN PFISTER,

DEALER IN

GENERAL MERCHANDISE,

Hardware. Queensware,

MADE-UP CLOTHING,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS,

VEGETABLES IN SEASON,

HARNESS, ETC.,

OPPOSITE JUNCTION HOTEL,

CRESSON, PA.

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BONANZA to AGENTS SAMPLES FREE both sexes. Write now GEO. A. SCOTT, New York City

Cambria Freeman.

EBENSBURG, CAMBRIA CO., PA.

FRIDAY, - - APRIL 24, 1896.

LOCAL AND PERSONAL.

J. J. Rhoddy, of Ashville, was in town Monday.

Miss Mary Roberts, visited friends in Johnstown this week.

Mr. E. H. Gray, of Hastings, visited Ebensburg on Tuesday.

To-day is Arbor Day. Everyone who should plant a tree.

Twenty-four railroad tramps were sent to jail on Tuesday.

Mr. E. T. Shields, of Altoona, spent a few hours in town on Tuesday.

Mr. James White, of Wilmore, spent a few hours in town on Thursday.

Mr. Bernard Wills, of Loretto, was a visitor to Ebensburg on Saturday.

Mr. A. J. Lockwald, of Gallitzin, was a visitor to Ebensburg on Monday.

Mr. A. J. Sill, of Allegheny township, was a visitor to Ebensburg on Wednesday.

Horses are wanted at the Mountain House stable on Tuesday, May 5th. See ad.

Messrs. J. G. C. Bearer and P. C. Ickes, of Spangler, were in town on Saturday.

Messrs. Adam and Casper Leib, of Johnstown, spent a few hours in town on Friday.

Mrs. James Lorimer, died at her home in Hot Springs, on Sunday, aged about 70 years.

The Cambria Shirt Manufacturing Company began business at Johnstown on Monday.

Mrs. Fes. Lloyd, accompanied by her daughter, Miss Nellie, visited Johnstown on Thursday.

Mr. Joseph Farabaugh, editor of the Loretto Record, was a visitor to Ebensburg on Monday.

About thirty men were laid off work at the Sheridan mines at South Fork, on Monday, until May 15th.

John Campbell, aged thirty-four, of Coalpit Run, was admitted to the Altoona hospital Saturday for medical treatment.

Captain Thomas Davis, of this place, went to Harrisburg on Wednesday as a delegate at the Republican state convention.

Messrs. Raphael Hite and Thomas Kemp, two Allegheny township's good citizens, were visitors to Ebensburg on Monday.

J. R. Johnson, of New Bethlehem, Pa., is a responsible man to load bark and cut at Vintondale; see ad in miscellaneous column.

Judge Love, of Bellefonte, presided in court on Tuesday and heard arguments in several cases that were recently tried before him in this county.

Elijah Livengood, of Elk Lick township, Somerset county, is the largest producer of maple sugar in the state. His output this year was 16,000 pounds.

Thomas McFee, of South Fork, was sent to jail on Tuesday to answer to a charge of the larceny of a coat, preferred against him by Lawrence Fleck, last November.

Dr. Harry McCormick, of Vintondale, recently convicted of selling liquor without a license, was sentenced on Monday to pay a fine of $300 and serve three months in jail.

George Bowers, a German was struck by a train on the Pennsylvania railroad at Johnstown, on Wednesday at noon, and the right leg so badly crushed that it had to be amputated.

The supper given by the Ladies of St. Xame church in this place, at the Cambria House, on Wednesday night, was quite generously attended and the proceeds from same netted a handsome sum.

Richard R. Mechling, a highly esteemed resident of Susquehanna township, died at his home, Tuesday morning of last week, after a protracted illness. Funeral services were held at East Ridge, Wednesday.

The old building at the north-west corner of Crawford and Julian streets, has been torn down to make room for a new structure which will be erected by Mr. Edward Shinefelt during the coming summer.

John Wallace, of Centre township, Indiana county, got mad at a neighbor lately over a $5.25 debt, and not having the money he was sentenced to jail for a period of 116 days.

Messrs. J. O'Connor, J. B. O'Connor and T. McNeelis, Esqrs., of Johnstown, passed through Ebensburg on Thursday morning, to and coming from the funeral of the late T. R. Scanlan, Esq., at Carrolltown.

At a meeting of the officers of the Ebensburg Agricultural Society on Saturday last, the time for holding the fair this fall was fixed for the first four days in September and Jewell, the aeronaut, has been engaged for this year.

The boy or girl who is a regular newspaper reader will grow up in intelligence, will use good language in speaking and writing even with a limited education. Hints on punctuation, science, grammar, literture, capitalization and spelling combined.

Mrs. Jane, relict of Joseph Behe, died at her home in Carrolltown, on Tuesday, April 21, 1896, aged about 70 years. She is survived by two sons, Henry and Matthew and one daughter, wife of Harry Thomas, of Allentown. Her remains were interred in the Catholic cemetery at Carrolltown, on Friday morning.

A paper published at Butte, Montana, says that Samuel Snyder, a former resident of Clearfield county, has struck it rich in that place, having been successful in mining. It is thought this is none other than the same Sam Snyder, who left Silver fifteen years ago for the West and of whom all trace had been lost.

A peculiar accident occurred on the Broad Top railroad near Cook's station, Huntingdon county, recently. The train had so expanded the rails that the engine was shoved out of line, and engine and tender, with a car loaded with coal tumbled down over an embankment as a result. The engineer and fireman escaped injury.

Harry Kibler, a brakeman on the Pennsylvania railroad, while in the act of stepping off a car at Johnstown on Tuesday evening, fell under the wheels and had his left leg crushed. He was taken to the Cambria hospital where the limb was amputated. Kibler is a resident of Johnstown, twenty-three years of age and married.

T. F. A. Crewell, Esq., of Johnstown, has been awarded the contract, by the Johnstown Telephone company, for the construction of a line from Johnstown, by way of South Fork, Ehrenfeld, Summerhill, Wilmore, Portage, Lilly and Cresson, to Ebensburg. He expects to have the line completed and ready for use by the first of June.

One day last week, Charles, the fifteen-year-old son of Mr. William Bloom, of Richland township, while working about his father's barn, was attacked by a vicious bull and had his right arm badly lacerated by the brute's horns before he succeeded in making his escape, which he finally succeeded in doing before being badly injured.

—Judges Doty and McConnell, of Westmoreland county, have granted 91 tavern and 13 brewery and distillery licenses. Two applicants for wholesaling were refused, as were 29 applicants for tavern licenses.

—Emmet Woakland, son of Mr. and Mrs. Luke Weakland, of this place, died on Thursday morning, at ten minutes after nine o'clock, aged fourteen years. The deceased had been ill for fifteen weeks from a complication of diseases resulting from an attack of measles.

—On Monday afternoon in the case of the Commonwealth vs. John Ward, convicted at March term of court of attempted abortion in the Miss Lizzie Dugan fatality, the motion for a new trial was refused and Ward was sentenced to pay a fine of $500 and to undergo an imprisonment of two years and six months in the Western penitentiary.

—William Morrow, a prominent wealthy retired farmer of Blair county, committed suicide on Sunday morning by shooting himself through the head in his brother's barn, near Tipton. His relatives are among the most prominent in the county. His brother heard the fatal shot fired and when the body was found life was extinct. He was 47 years old and unmarried.

—District Attorney Weller, of Bedford, says Bedford county, will have no April criminal court, for the good reason that there are no criminals to be tried. Three chicken thieves took French leave from the old jail some days ago, and thus cleared the calendar. This is the second time within a year that Bedford's criminal court has been postponed for want of cases.

—Friday's Harrisburg *News* says: Constable George B. Miller returned from Gallitzin, Cambria county, yesterday afternoon with William Pendergast, who is wanted here as an accomplice with five others, in the robbery of lead pipe, brass, etc., from the building being erected on north third street above Reily. They were given a hearing before Alderman Landis. All were held for court except John Funk and Willam Neuer.

—A sale comprising 2,500 acres of coal land in Buffington township, Indiana county, will in all probability be made this week. Some time ago Mr. B. F. Williams, of Patton, Cambria county, leased several thousand acres of land in that township, and New York capitalists are expected there this week to close the sale. The land lies along Laurel Run, about one mile below Vintondale. Mr. G. T. McCrea, of Mechanicsburg, completed the survey last week.

—Mrs. R. E. Jones has a new advertisement in this issue of the FREEMAN to which we call our readers' special attention. The opening of her Spring goods lays before the people of Ebensburg and vicinity the most attractive display of millinery and dress goods ever seen in this place, and must be seen to be fully appreciated. With each purchase of $10 a good nickle alarm clock will be given away. Read the advertisement for some of the specialties.

—The barn of E. J. Blakley, of Buffington township, Indiana county, was destroyed by fire a few days ago. The barn was erected only about a year ago and the loss to Mr. Blakely is heavy. The stock, with the exception of two horses which, were burned to death, were found in a field nearby with chains about their necks. All the grain and other crops, together with a reaper and mower, were destroyed. The barn was protected by $500 insurance. Mr. Blakely places his loss at $1,500.

—Mrs. Dishart, widow of the late Charles Dishart, of Carroll township, died at her home in that township on Tuesday evening, April 21, 1896, aged 54 years. The deseased is survived by eight children, four girls, namely: Mrs. Clark Thomas, of Carrolltown; Mrs. John McBreen, of Ebensburg; Miss Sidney, of Altoona, and Miss Gertrude, at home; and four boys, Harry, Frank, Irvin and Ralph, who are at home. Her remains were interred in the Catholic cemetery at Carrolltown on Thursday morning.

Dr. Deveraux, one of Cresson's enterprising citizens, is having a system of water works erected to furnish the town with a supply of sparkling spring water. M. C. Hite, of Hollidaysburg has the contract and will construct two reservoirs, one with a capacity of 250,000 gallons, the other about five times that size. Into these the water from four springs will be piped, and from thence it will be conducted down by means of a six-inch main. Mr. Hite expects to have the contract finished in a month.—*Cresson Record.*

—T. R. Scanlan, Esq., a well-known citizen of Carrolltown and a member of the Cambria county bar, died at his home in that place at twenty-seven minutes of 11 o'clock on Monday night, aged about 45 years. His death was the result of throat trouble, from which he had long been a sufferer. He is survived by his wife and four children, the latter being Lutzen, Ellen and Fredicka, residing at home, and Lambert, of Spangler. He also leaves four brothers and one sister. His remains were interred in the Catholic cemetery at Carrolltown, on Thursday morning.

—While excavating a ditch near the Bossler Hotel, Duncansville, the other day, a workman unearthed a soapstone pot that had evidently been used for cooking purposes by the Indians, says a correspondent of the *Times*. It was about ten inches in diameter and about six inches deep. On each side was a small projecture, which served the purpose of a handhold. Underneath the vessel seemed to be crystallized or charred by fire. Its general appearance would indicate that it had been buried for ages. This ancient find will be on exhibition among the relics at the Blair County Semi-Centennial this summer.

—Mr. Nicholas Lambour, an old and esteemed citizen of Nicktown, died at his home in that place, on Tuesday, April 14, 1896, aged 66 years. Mr. Lambour was born in Alsace, Germany, and came to this country when a young man and settled in Barr township, where he followed the occupation of a farmer. He afterwards laid out the town of Nicktown and built a hotel which he conducted for several years, when he disposed of the hotel and went into the business of merchandising. He was a prosperous, useful and good citizen and his death will be regretted by all acquainted with him. He leaves to survive him a wife and seven children all of whom reside in Nicktown. His remains were interred in the cemetery at that place on Thursday morning of last week, after the celebration of a High Mass of Requiem for the repose of his soul.

Pay of Assessors.

A few counties of the state having taken the position that they are not liable for the per diem compensation of district assessors in making an enumeration of the school children under the compulsory school law, the superintendent of public instruction asked the attorney general department for an opinion. Deputy Attorney General Elkins in a long opinion decides that the counties must pay the assessors for taking the census. He says in conclusion:

"I am of the opinion, therefore, that the district assessor, in making the enumeration of school children, and returning the same to the county commissioners, under the provision of the compulsory school law, is entitled to receive his per diem compensation for his service taken in connection with such other services as he performs under the authority of law, out of the funds of the proper county."

RealEstate Transfers.

Samuel J. Miller et ux. to Mary A. Howard, Upper Yoder, consideration, $147.

Samuel J. Miller et ux. to Jonas J. Yoder, Upper Yoder, $3,261.

Sarah Stutzman et vir to Solomon E. Dorer, Morrellville, $300.

Albert L. Johnson to Edward T. Eldridge, Moxham, $350.

Mariah L. Forshey et vir to May M. Glass, Reade, $40.

Thomas W. Burns et ux. to Guardian of James McCloskey, Gallitzin borough, $150.

D. S. McAnulty et ux. to Jennie Johnson, Barnesboro, $150.

A. V. Barker et ux. to Michael Murray, Lilly, $600.

W. S. Sheridan et ux. to Citizens' Loan & Building association, Lower Yoder, $1.

Mrs. Thorn Pudley to Arthur Earhart, Lower Yoder, $1.

Hugh Edwards to Emanuel Learn, Cambria, $285.

Lackey Kelly to Edward Greely Johnstown, $1.

Assignee of B. F. Rager to Ellsworth Kunkle et al. Jackson, $360.

Thomas R. Williams to Guardian of Cylde Thomas Williams, Patton, $1.

Charles J. Taylor et ux. to W. W. Amsbry, Gallitzin township, $5,909.

Glen White Coal and Lumber company to W. W. Amsbry, Gallitzin township, $37,028.

D. R. Good et ux. to Elizabeth Royer Good, Elder and Susquehanna, $7,000.

Earnet Knoblock et ux. to Frank Burkhart, Gallitzin borough, $500.

Fred Johnson et ux. to A. T. Strittmatter et al., Hastings, $600.

Henry F. Leventry et ux. to Benjamin F. Price, Johnstown, $1,500.

Adam Makin et ux. to John Hawksworth, Blacklick, $150.

Noah P. Fidler, by the sheriff, to Baltimore Building & Loan association, Johnstown, $100

W. W. Amsbry et ux. to Altoona Coal and Coke company, Gallitzin township, $42,938.

W. W. Amsbry et ux. to Mrs. Isadore W. Brooks, Allegheny and Gallitzin township $11,301.

David H. Berkey et ux. to Maggie L. Berkey, Gallitzin borough, $1.

Edward Doyle et ux. to James Ivory, Gallitzin township, $1,100.

P. J. Swansen et ux. to A. T. Strittmatter et al., Hastings, $684.

Citizens' Cemetery association to John W. Gocher et al., Grand View, $179.

Clara Rodgers to Mary Gocher, Stonycreek, $1,400.

Evan D. Evans to Sarah Rager, Jackson, $1,500.

Joseph P. Miller to Abram L. Good, Barr, $150.

John H. Veil et ux. to Ralph L. Veil, Richland, $2,000.

Spangler Improvement company to Henry Duman, Spangler, $175.

August Nelson et ux. to A. T. Strittmatter et al., Hastings, $505.

Daniel Luther et ux. to John Bracken, Johnstown, $1,500.

Fatally Injured by Cars.

John Kingston, a young miner of Ehrenfeld, died at midnight Sunday night at the Memorial hospital, at Johnstown, the result of falling under a train near Mineral Point on Saturday night.

That evening Kingston and a companion named Callahan, attended a dance at Lilly, and, not wishing to stay in the place all night, started back to Ehrenfeld on a freight train. When the train reached Mineral Point, and was running at a high rate of speed, Callahan jumped off, and, beside having the breath knocked out of him for a moment or two, was badly bruised by his sudden contact with the ground. Kingston attempted to follow the example of his companion, but it is supposed, his foot caught in the stirrup, for he was thrown under the wheels of the cars and the train passed over his lower limbs.

After Callahan had recovered from his dazed condition, he walked nearly half a mile before finding help and when he had gotten back to the scene of the accident his injured companion had dragged himself quite a distance along the roadbed. As soon as possible Kingston was brought to Johnstown and conveyed to the Memorial hospital, where Dr. W. D. Lowman rendered him all the surgical and medical aid possible, but it was without avail.

Kingston was 23 years of age. The father and mother went to Johnstown Sunday morning and accompanied the remains of the deceased home on Monday, after they had been prepared for burial. Interment was made at Ehrenfeld on Tuesday.

Sold by the Sheriff.

At Ebensburg on Monday the following properties were sold at sheriff's sale:

Lot of Andrew T. Anderson, in Elder township, to Equitable Building & Loan association, of Altoona, for $60; the interest of John Byrne and Matilda Byrne in a lot in Carrrolltown, sold to Equitable Building & Loan association, for $50; interest of John Pearson in a lot in Elder township, to the Equitable Building & Loan association, of Altoona for $110; interest of G. W. Swank in a lot in Patton, to Addlemen & Bloom $100; the interest of J. J. McDonnell, John E. Wilson and A. P. Miller, in a lot in in Portage to Henry McHugh for $40; the interest of Samuel Smeltzer in a lot in Washington township, to Edward O'Brien for $240; the intest of Samuel Glass in a lot in Munster township, to John C. Sharp for $200; the interest of J. F. Trexler in a piece of ground in Washington township, to the Gallitzin Building & Loan association for $1,000; the lot of Noah Slagle, of Upper Yoder township, to David B. Wertz for $1,100, and the lot of Rose G. Farton and Mary Walter, in Conemaugh township, to Bridget Kelley for $25.

Thropp Hicks Trouble.

Bedford, Pa., April 21.—In the Republican congressional contest the court to-day dissolved the preliminary injunction and dismissed the proceedings on the ground, first, that the court had no jurisdiction over the subject matter, and, second, that the injunction was granted by an associate judge, who had no such power under the statutes. The case was argued at considerable length. Judge Lucien W. Doty, of Westmoreland county presiding. Counsel for Congressman Hicks asked for an exception to the ruling of the court, and the case will be appealed.

As the matter now stands the conferees from Somerset, Cambria and Blair counties will organize the district conference and there will be contesting delegations from Bedford county.

Assistant Secretary Reynolds and M. A. Points represented Mr. Thropp, and John H. Jordan and Alexandria King appeared for Mr. Hicks.

Reduced Rates to Washington.

The Fifteenth International convention of the Young People's society of Christian Endeavor will be held at Washington, D. C., July 7 to 13, 1896, and for that occasion the Pennsylvania Railroad company will sell, from July 6 to 8 inclusive, excursion tickets to Washington and return at a single fare for the round trip. These tickets will be good for return passage until July 15th inclusive, but if depositld with the agent at Washington prior to 6 P. M., July 14, will be extended to July July 31 inclusive.

Full information in regard to rates and time of trains can be obtained upon application to ticket agents.

—The estate of the late Cyrus Bailey, of Altoona, which escheates to the Commonwealth, was sold Saturday for $10,695.

Cambria Coal Fields

Mine Inspector Evans contributes the following interesting data in relation to Cambria county's coal production to the Johnstown *Tribune.*

SIR: Being interested in the industries of Cambria county, and especially those that pertain to mining, I have watched and noted with pleasure the extension of railroad lines and all forms of progress and development. Having some little knowledge of the advantages made along the lines of the coal industries, I thought it might be of interest to your readers to jot down for their consideration a few facts that I have gathered in this connection. It has been well claimed in this age of steam that the wealth of a civilization is largely the extent of the development of its coal fields. This being true of countries, is also true of states and counties.

I am pleased to report that our mountainous little Cambria is raising her head high in the matter of coal production. I might state here, too, that, in the opinion of all, the coal which we are sending into the markets of the world is second to none in quality for steam purposes; and what is now mined in Cambria county, is not taken from a single seam, or bed, but is mined at several points, from four different seams. This fact is stated to show that we have at least that many workable seams of excellent quality in our coal-bearing strata.

In the year 1885 the coal production of Cambria county was 1,189,161 tons; the average number of days worked in the year was 252; number of persons employed 1,183. The production for 1895 was about 4,000,000 tons, with an average of only 189½ days worked, which shows that if the same average of days had been worked in 1895 as in 1885, the production would be over 8,000,000 tons. It shows that the capacity of the mines, if working full, is over 7,000,000 tons a year. We use the figures indicating millions, little thinking what vast amounts they represent. Taking the actual production of our county for 1894—4,000,000 tons—it represents 184,000 railroad cars of 25 tons capacity each, or 7,360 trains of 25 cars each, which would be about 24 trains of coal for each of the 312 working days in the year. It also means by the advance taking place on the first of April, of five cents a ton, the sum of $275,000 for the 7,000 employes working in and about the mines of our county.

It may also be of interest to state that safety of our mines stands very high—even among the best and safest mines in the world that we have any record of. There was about 575,000 tons of coal mined for each fatal accident during 1895 and and nearly one thousand men employed, also, per each fatal accident. This is an unusual high percentage of safety for our mines, the credit of which I attribute to the special care and precaution that was practiced by the miners and the mine foremen of this district during the past year, as a great number of the accidents generally occurring in the mines are from carelessness and a lack of proper precaution being taken.

The bituminous Coal Association recently formed by the operators of the six different coal fields of the state which ship to the sea board, I expect will be a special advantage to our county, as almost the entire product of our mines is shipped to tidewater. This association will be able to control the selling price of coal in the markets and thereby get a fair price for their product, thus enabling the operators to pay better wages to the miners for their work.

Marriage Licenses.

The following marriage licenses were issued by the Clerk of the Orphans' Court for the week ending Thursday, April 23d, 1896:

Milton Hoffman and Addie E. Greenwood, Conemaugh.

Andrew Nabain and Eva Jawan, Dunlo.

John J. Lloyd and Nancy Reifsnyder, Susquehanna township.

Nincenzo Di Demenico and Carniele Nigugua, Lilly.

Clark Craver and Verd Westover, Susquehanna township.

Albert Farabaugh, Carroll township, and Mary M. Ager, Barr township.

Charles Endler and Rosie Hass, Elder township.

J. S. Koontz and Georgianna Paul, Johnstown.

Evan Gorgas and Bara Lukieseh, Johnstown.

John J. Gates, Flinton, and Bird Wallace, South Fork.

William A. McCloskey, Gallitzin, and Ann Eliza Hofford, Summit.

Walter C. Gerhardt and Elizabeth Holtzapel, Johnstown.

Jonas J. Yoder, Upper Yoder township, and Eliza M. Lemmger, Johnstown.

Feidel Huk and Barbara Madarach, Johnstown.

George W. Griffith and Annie Moore, Johnstown.

C. J. McAuliff, Somerset county, Pa., and Mary H. Blum, Carrolltown.

Clinton Rugh, Summerhill township, and Mary E. Crum, Wilmore.

Alonza J. Litzinger and Annie F. Skelly, Gallitzin.

Walter F. Seigh and Eva K. Statler, Johnstown.

John F. Shaffer, Pittsburg, and Emma Noon, Conemaugh township.

Thomas Loehrle, Indiana, and Hannah Estep, Johnstown.

Joseph Wagner and Mary Bremen, Johnstown.

D. L. Pringle, Wilmore, and Hattie Gittings, Jackson township.

E. Hubert Simmons, Jackson township, and Mattie E. Riblett, East Taylor township.

William E. Croyle, Walls, Allegheny county, Pa., and Alice E. Carpenter, Croyle township.

Timothy O'Neill and Mary Boyle, Johnstown.

Christian C. Kelly and Horrilla Horner, Adams township.

A Card to the School Directors of Cambria County.

I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of superintendent of schools.

I am a native of the county, am 47 years old, and have just completed my 18th consecutive year as teacher in our schools.

Your support is respectively solicited.

I believe that natives of Cambria county should fill the positions belonging to it. I have ever believed that promotion should follow continued successful service, and with this end in view I have made special effort to qualify myself for the position to which I aspire. I am a poor man and have neither time nor means to canvass the county and become personally acquainted with each director. Neither do I have a friend sufficiently interested to canvass the county and urge my claim. I have carefully studied the requirements of our schools and can do a great deal to increase their efficiency.

If I should be elected I propose to encourage the semi-annual convention of directors, a system of graduation from our public schools, and remedy two existing evils, which in many districts, are detrimental to our school—the lack of hearty co-operation of parents with the teacher, and the tenure of a teachers position.

If I fail in this or any duty pertaining to the position, I shall deem myself not worthy of further support.

D. E. HOLLEN.

Glasgow, Pa. April 15, 1896.

Ebensburg B. & L. Association.

On Monday the 27th inst., the annual meeting of the Ebensburg Building & Loan association for the election of officers, will take place at the Council room at 8:30 P. M. The following named gentlemen have been nominated for the respective offices:

For president, Thomas Davis; Vice president, Samuel Ludwig; auditors, Robert Scanlan, S. C. Davis and H. H. Myers; these gentlemen will be elected as there is no opposition. Five directors are to be elected and the following gentlemen have been nominated to select from: H. A. Shoemaker, D. A. McGough, John L. Stough, Fes. Lloyd, George A. Kinkead, James M. Thompson, J. W. Leech, Thos. D. Evans, E. C. Parrish, J. G. Lloyd and J. F. McKenrick.

—The state board of pardons has granted a rehearing to Silas S. Gray, of Westmoreland county, serving a life sentence for the murder of Mrs. McCready in 1880. Gray has served sixteen years in prison. It is claimed he is innocent of the crime, as the real murderer has confessed.

Miscellaneous Notices.

FURS WANTED.
Highest prices paid for all kinds of Furs. Bring them to GEO. L. FREDERICKS,
Nov. 1, 1895. Ebensburg, Pa

WANTED HORSES.
If you have horses to sell bring them to the Mountain House stable, Ebensburg, Tuesday, May 5th, 1896. apr 24 2t.

WANTED—A general representative in this county to organize local boards for the Artisans' Savings and Loan Association. Address 91 Fifth Ave., Pittsburg, Pa. mch22

WANTED—A reliable man to represent a loan institution in Cambria county Money loaned in sums of $100 to $10,000. For particulars apply to W. M. DAVIS, Coalport, Pa. mch26tf.

THE Ebensburg Building & Loan Association will offer for sale at the council chamber, Ebensburg, on the fourth Monday in March, $1,000.00. THOS. DAVIS, President.
LESTER LAKIMER, Secretary.

WOOL.
Farmers can get 22 cents per pound in trade for wool at the store of W. A. B. Little, in Loretto. A large and well assorted stock of general merchandise is on hand to select from. apr. 17 6t.

FOR COMMISSIONER:
ROBERT FERGUSON, of Blacktick township, will be a candidate for the office of County Commissioner on the Democratic ticket, subject to the decision of the next county convention.

WANTED.
A good responsible man to skid out and load lumber on cars about 500 cords of bark and 2 000 cords of paper wood. Particulars at job, Vintondale, Pa. Send bids to F. R. Thompson, New Bethlehem, Pa. apr 24 2t.

AT THE OLD RELIABLE.

Everybody, and especially the oyster-loving people of Ebensburg, are invited to call at Robt. McBreen's Old Reliable Restaurant, when they want good, fresh Oysters, by the pint, quart or gallon Or you can have them Stewed or Fried, all at the lowest price. Fresh Oysters every day. oct1tf

THE annual meeting of the stockholders of the Ebensburg Building and Loan Association, will be held on Monday the 27th day of April A. D., 1896, at 8.30 P. M., at Council Chamber, Ebensburg, Pa., for the purpose of electing officers and directors for the ensuing year and to transact such other business as may be necessary.
LESTER LAKIMER,
apr 17 2t. Secretary.

RESTAURANT NOTICE.

I respectfully give notice to my many patrons of Ebensburg and country people at at large that on and after April 1, 1896, I will move my restaurant from Julian street to Centre street, in sight of the Cambria House, next door to Wilkinson's Marble yard, where I will be pleased to see all my old patrons, hoping a liberal share of the public patronage. I serve meals and lunches at all hours. Price, 15 and 20 cents. I will keep a full line of confectionery, fruits, candies, cigars, oysters, ice cream in season, ice cream in all flavors, special dinners and suppers gotten up by giving timely notice, spring vegetables in season. I will have a special parlor for ladies and their escorts. Thanks for past favors.
Respectfully yours,
mch 20 tf. JAMES H. GANT.

Orphans' Court Sale
OF VALUABLE
REAL ESTATE!

BY virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Cambria county, Pennsylvania, to me directed, I will expose to public Sale at the Central Hotel, in Carrolltown, on

SATURDAY, MAY 2, 1896,

at 1 o'clock, P. M., the following described real estate, viz:

All that certain piece or parcel of land situate in the Township of Carroll, in Cambria county, Pennsylvania, adjoining land of Sebastian Luther, Philip Stoltz, James Dick, John A. Bender, Erhart Farabaugh, John Sherry, Henry Farabaugh, Evan Morgan and William Rowland, containing

349 ACRES

and thirty-nine perches more or less, and having thereon erected a new

TWO-STORY
PLANK HOUSE

and large bank barn and outbuildings, all in good repair. There is a good orchard and plenty of water on this farm.

The coal in, under and upon said land together with the usual and necessary mining rights and privileges will be offered for sale separate and apart from the surface and the surface will be offered separate and apart from the coal, and the said land will be sold either in the whole or severed, to suit the desires of the purchasers, and for the best price that can be obtained therefor.

TERMS OF SALE.

Ten per cent. of the purchase money to be paid in hand at the time of sale; the balance of one third of the purchase money at the confirmation of the sale; one-sixth of the purchase money in one year and one-sixth in two year from the confirmation of sale, the deferred payments to bear interest, and the remaining third of the purchase money to be and remain a lien upon the real estate during the lifetime of the widow, Agnes Zorn, the interest to be paid to her annually, and the principal payable at her death. The deferred payments to be secured by judgment bond and mortgage of the purchaser.

ANDREW STRITTMATTER,
AUGUSTIN SHARBAUGH,
Executors of the Last Will and Testament of Jacob Zorn, deceased.
Carrolltown, Pa., April 9th, 1896. 3t.

AUDITOR'S SETTLEMANT.
Statement of settlement with the Supervisors of Blacklick township for the year ending March 9, 1896.
In account with JOHN HINES, Supervisor.

	Dr.	Cr.
To amount of Duplicate	$717 96	
To amount done on road		$680 42
By rebate tax		22 37
Credit by plank from C. G. Farbaugh		3 11
For plank and timber		5 69
Outstanding orders		8 70
Order paid A. A. Bennet for cutting timber		2 00
Hammers and oil		1 10
Exonerations		2 11
Balance due supervisor from 1895		12 78
Services of supervisor, 56 days at $1 50		84 00
Order on commissioners	53 55	
Order on commissioners	49 17	
	$820 68	$820 68

In account with J. B. HITE, Supervisor.

	Dr	Cr.
To amount of duplicate	$ 870 13	
Received from John Davis	30 00	
Received from Griffith and Barkers on the unseated land	125 00	
To amount of work done on roads		$ 800 16
By returned tax		34 45
By exoneration		7 62
Cr. paid J. G. Pringle for building bridge		50 00
By work on money received from Griffith and Barkers		94 00
Services of same		31 00
For hammers, handles and plank		2 80
Services of supervisor, 59 days at $1 50		88 50
Orders on commissioners	88 40	
	$1,113 53	$1,113 53

We, the undersigned auditors of Blacklick township, have audited the above account and found it correct to the best of our knowledge and belief.

G. A. MICHAELS,
H. C. ROWLAND,
JOHN NIPPS, } Auditors.

Attest, Walter Edwards, Clerk.
apr 17 3t.

For Your Protection.—Catarrah "Cures" or Tonics for Catarrah in liquid form to be taken internally, usually contain either Mercury or Iodide of Potassa, or both, which are injurious if too long taken. Catarrah is a local, not a blood disease, caused by a sudden change to cold or damp weather. It starts in the nasal passages, affecting eyes, ears and throat. Cold in the head causes excessive flow of mucus, and if repeatedly neglected, the results of catarrah will follow; severe pain in the head, a roaring sound in the ears, bad breadth, and oftentimes an offensive discharge. The remedy should be quick to ally inflammation and heal the membrane Ely's Cream Balm is the acknowleged cure for these troubles and contains no mercury nor any injurious drug. Price, 50 cents.
nov 10 94 1y.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

In the Court of Common Pleas of Cambria county, Pa In re account of William C. Schrath, assignee of Charles Fagan. The undersigned, having been appointed auditor to report distribution of the funds in the hands of the accountant, as shown by his first and final account to and among the persons legally entitled to receive the same, hereby gives notice that he will sit in the Attorney's Room in the Court House, Ebensburg, Pa., on TUESDAY, MAY 19, at 11 o'clock, A. M., for attending to the duties of said appointment, when all persons interested may attend and be heard or be forever debarred from laying claim to any part of said fund.

F. C. SHARBAUGH,
Auditor.
Ebensburg, Pa., April 22d 1896. 3t.

IF YOU ARE NOT
SATISFIED
Then we are not satisfied until you are satisfied With goods and prices.

HIGH GRADE GROCERIES.

Everything we have is fresh. We guarantee quality. We want your regular all-the year-around trade. Let us sell you all you can eat.

We sell standard Corn at 5c.
" " Tomatoes, 6c.
" schreded Cocoanut, 8c.
" Prunes, 5, 7, 9 nd 10c.
" Evaporated Peaches, 6c.
" Raisins, 4c.
" Corn Starch, 5c.
" package Coffee, 20c.

Chop per sack, 85c.
Tea, 18c.
Best Tea, 40c.
3lb. can Apple Butter for 25c.
Syrup, 30c.
L Beans, 5c.
Mustard per glass, 5c.
Apricots, 10c.

The Woman Who Loves Bargains.

They make fun of the woman shopper—everybody does—but it is she who knows a Bargain wot is a Bargain, (as Uncle Reuben would say.)

Yard-wide Muslin, bleached or unbleached, - 4c.
Apron Gingham, - - - - 5c.
Light Calicoes, - - - - - 6c.
Dress Ginghams at - - - - 7c.
Serges, all wool, all colors, 46in. wide at 50c. per yard.

THESE ARE ALL BARGAINS.

WE LEAD

The Carpet Trade and there must be a solid substantial reason for it. There is and the reason isn't hard to locate. It is such goods and offers as these:

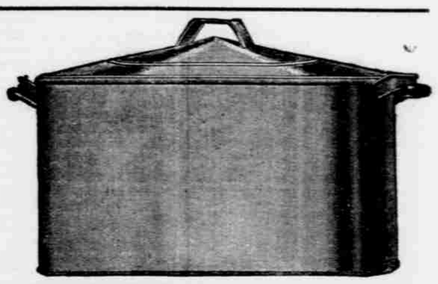
All-wool Ingrain Carpet, - - 40c.
Other Ingrain for - - 25, 30 and 35c.
Home-made Rag Carpet, - 35 and 40c.

If You Are Going to Do Papering

This Spring see our stock of Wall Paper. It is very handsome and low in price.

This cut represents a Wash Boiler that

WILL : NOT : RUST.



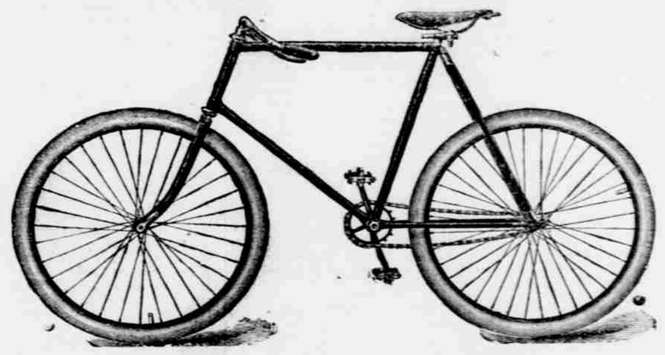
We handle a full line of this Tinware. If any piece rusts bring it back and we will replace it FREE OF CHARGE.

Yours for Low Prices,

H. ORTH,
GALLITZIN, PA.

Goods amounting to $10.00 or over DELIVERED FREE to any point.

BICYCLES. BICYCLES.



All Kinds and Sizes for Sale by

H. A. SHOEMAKER.

R. L. JOHNSTON. M. J. BUCK. A. W. BUCK.
ESTABLISHED 1872.
Johnston, Buck & Co.,
BANKERS,
EBENSBURG, - - PENN'A.
A. W. BUCK, Cashier.

ESTABLISHED 1888.
Carrolltown Bank,
CARROLLTOWN, PA.
T. A. SHARBAUGH, Cashier.

General Banking Business Transacted.

The following are the principal features of general banking business:

DEPOSITS
Received payable on demand, and interest bearing certificates issued to time depositors.

LOANS
Extended to customers on favorable terms and approved paper discounted at all times.

COLLECTIONS
Made in the locality and upon all the banking towns in the United States. Charges moderate.

DRAFTS
Issued negotiable in all parts of the United States, and foreign exchange issued on all parts of Europe.

ACCOUNTS
Of merchants, farmers and others solicited, to whom reasonable accomodation will be extended.

Patrons are assured that all transactions shall be held as strictly private and confidential, and that they will be treated as liberally as good banking rules will permit.

Respectfully,
JOHNSTON, BUCK & CO.

S. L. REED. MATZIOT READE.
REED & READE,
Attorneys at Law,
EBENSBURG, - - - PENNA.
Office on Centre street. [4.28 95

KITTELL & LITTLE,
Attorneys at Law,
EBENSBURG, PA.
Office in Opera House. 2.9.94

T. W. DICK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
EBENSBURG, PENN'A.
Special attention to given claims for Pension Bounty, etc. ch'-'90

J. F. McKENRICK,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
EBENSBURG, - PA
Office on Centre street.

H. H. MYERS,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
EBENSBURG, PA.
Office in Collonade Row, on Centre street.

DONALD E. DUFTON,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
EBENSBURG, PENNA.
Office in Opera House, Center street.

OILS! OILS!

The Atlantic Refining Co., of Pittsburg, Pa., make a specialty of manufacturing for the domestic trade the finest brands of

Illuminating and Lubricating Oils, Naphtha and Gasoline

That can be

MADE FROM PETROLEUM.

We challenge comparison with every known product of petroleum. If you wish the

Most : Uniformly : Satisfactory : Oils

in the market ask for ours.

ATLANTIC REFINING CO.,
PITTSBURG DEPT.,
PITTSBURG, PA.
oct18.89ly.

Mountain House
Shaving Parlor

Located on Centre street near Mountain House office. Shaving, Hair Cutting and Shampooing done in the neatest and best manner. A share of your patronage solicited.
ROBERT CASSIDY.

WANTED AGENTS

to represent the Most Complete Nurseries in America. Stock widely advertised fifty-four years; known and wanted by every planter. That is why beginners always succeed with us, and experienced Agents double their sales and income. Now is the time to start. Write ELLWANGER & BARRY,
Mt. Hope Nurseries, Rochester, N. Y.

FRAZER AXLE GREASE
BEST IN THE WORLD.
Its wearing qualities are un

AN ETERNAL PEACE.

Arbitration Conference Opened In Washington Today.

PLAN PROPOSED TO CLEVELAND.

Members of the New York Bar Association Present Him With a Memorial Outlining a Scheme of International Arbitration—President Much Interested

WASHINGTON, April 22.—An important conference began here this afternoon to urge upon the government the propriety of adjusting all international disputes save those affecting national sovereignty by arbitration. About 300 men of national reputation are assembled at the call of the temporary chairman, ex-Secretary of State John W Foster. The proceedings opened with a business meeting, and ex-Senator Geo F Edmunds of Vermont was chosen as permanent chairman of the conference. The conference will last two days.

It is on the program for an address to be delivered by ex-Secretary Carl Schurz on the general subject of arbitration. Edward Atkinson will evolve some interesting statistics on the subject and among the other speakers will be President Angel of Ann Arbor, Cardinal Gibbons and Randolph Tucker of Virginia.

The committee of the New York bar association, which called on the president with a memorial for international arbitration, was well received and Mr Cleveland showed by his conversation and manner that he was much interested. The plan outlined in the memorial is:

First—The establishment of a permanent international tribunal to be known as "the international court of arbitration."

Second—Such court to be composed of nine members, one each from nine independent states or nations, such representative to be a member of the supreme or highest court of the nation he shall represent, chosen by a majority act of his associates because of his high character as a publicist and judge and his recognized ability and irreproachable integrity. Each judge thus selected to hold office during life or the will of the court selecting him.

Third—The court thus constituted to make it own rules of proceedure, to have power to fix its place of sessions and to change the same from time to time as circumstances and the convenience of litigants may suggest and to appoint such clerks and attendants as the court may require.

Fourth—Controverted questions arising between any two or more independent powers, whether represented in said international court of arbitration or not at the option of said powers to be submitted by treaty between said powers to said court providing only that said treaty shall contain a stipulation to the effect that all parties thereto shall respect and abide by the rules and regulations of said court, and conform to whatever determination it shall make of said controversy.

Fifth—Said court to be open at all times for the filing of cases and countercases under treaty stipulations by any nation, whether represented in the court or not, and such orderly proceedings in the interim, but when sessions of the court in preparation for argument, and submission of the controversy as may seem necessary, to be taken as the rules of the court provide for and may be agreed upon between the litigants.

Sixth—Independent powers not represented in said court, but which may have become parties litigant in a controversy before it, and, by treaty stipulation, have agreed to submit to its adjudication, to comply with the rules of the court and to contribute such stipulated amount to its expenses as may be provided for by its rules, or determined by the court.

Your petitioner recommends that you enter at once into correspondence and negotiation, through the proper diplomatic channels, with representatives of the governments of Great Britain, France, Germany, Russia, the Netherlands, Mexico Brazil and the Argentine Republic for a union with the government of the United States in the laudable undertaking of forming an international court substantially on the basis herein outlined.

A LETTER BREATHING PEACE.

President Cleveland Writes Anent the Shakespeare Celebration In England.

BIRMINGHAM, England, April 22.—The celebration of Shakespeare's birthday in Warwickshire, the poet's county, is being held. United States Ambassador Bayard, who was the guest of the club, presided at the dinner, responding to the principal toast, "Literature."

A letter written by President Cleveland to Consul Parker was read, in which he said:

"Everything that tends to keep alive to the memory of Shakespeare and preserve a proper appreciation of his work challenges my earnest interest and approval and though I cannot be with you upon the occassion you contemplate I am glad to know that our American people are prominently represented at the celebration.

"There is much said and written in these days concerning the relations which should exist, bound close by the strongest ties, between the English speaking people and concerning the high destiny which awaits them in concerted effort. I hope we may never know the time when these ennobling sentiments will be less often expressed or will in the least lose their potency and influence.

"Surely if the English speech supplies a token for united effort for the good of mankind and the impulse or exalted intermission we do well to honor fittingly the name and memory of William Shakespeare."

ARRANGED CONVENTION DETAILS.

Republican Leaders Hold a Secret Session Harrisburg.

HARRISBURG, April 22.—The executive committee of the state Republican committee at a secret session at the Lochiel hotel has arranged the details for tomorrow's convention. The platform and the selection of delegates-at-large to the St Louis convention and four electors-at-large was discussed. Senator Quay submitted an itemized statement of the expenses of last fall's campaign. Silas W. Pettit of Philadelphia, presented a draft of several reform bills to be presented to the next legislature.

Lieutenant Governor Lyon has withdrawn as a candidate-at-large, in the interest of Francis J. Torrence of Allegheny. It is generally conceded that Galusha G. Grow of Susquehanna and James S. Beacon of Greensburg will be nominated for congress-at-large and John P. Elkin of Indiana county, state chairman.

Pattison Favored For President.

WARREN, April 22.—At the Warren county Democratic convention Charles Chase, W. H. Houghtaling and J. H. Houghwot were selected as delegates to the state convention. S. T. Neill, Fred Beck and E. J. Armstrong were named as congressional conferees. Resolutions endorsing President Cleveland's administration and favoring ex-Governor Pattison for president were adopted.

The Khalifa's Force Whipped.

CAIRO, April 22.—Dispatches received here from the front say that there has been fierce fighting at Omdurman, near Khartoum, the headquarters of the Khalifa. Details of the engagement or its cause are not at hand, but it is said that 500 of the Halifa's bodyguard have been killed.

Foreman of Holmes' Jury Killed.

PHILADELPHIA, April 22.—Linford Boles, who was foreman of the jury that tried H. H. Holmes for the murder of B. F. Pitezel, has been killed by electricity and his son received injury that will probably result fatally.

To Stop Dueling In Germany.

BERLIN, April 22.—The reichstag has unanimously adopted Herr Adt's motion calling upon the federal government to energetically combat with all the means in its power the illegal practice of dueling.

MAY SMASH WEYLER'S TROCHA.

Cuban Leaders Preparing to Attack It From Both Sides.

KEY WEST, Fla., April 22.—The indications are that the Cuban insurgent chiefs are planning to assault from both sides the trocha which Weyler has established across the island to hem Maceo in Pinar del Rio. The work has been pushed night and day, and the best trocha Spain has ever built in Cuba now confronts Maceo.

Reports in Havana indicate that Gomez has determined to order an attack on the trocha, which will, if successful, destroy the Spanish army. According to Gomez's plans the trocha is to be attacked at some given point simultaneously from east and west. The line cut the Spanish columns are to be taken in reverse and destroyed in detail.

The attack from the west will be led by Antonio Maceo. He is now 15 miles west of the line, and his forces, with those of Bandera and Delgado, number 15,000 men. The insurgents who will attack from the east are gathering in Havana province. In the past few days 10,000 insurgents have entered Havana province from the east and moved toward the trocha. This column is led by Jose Maceo and is now 20 miles south of Havana and near the trocha.

When Antonio Maceo signals that he is moving from the west Jose Maceo will strike the line from the east and the probabilities are that the Spanish army will be cut to pieces.

POLITICIANS IN A DUEL.

Alabama Democrats at Their Convention Horrified Over a Shooting.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., April 22.—Five hundred Democrats here to attend the Democratic state convention were horrified at a tragedy at the depot.

The platform was crowded when Bob Kennedy, sheriff of Dallas county, Ala., stepped out with a double-barreled shotgun and opened fire upon two brothers, Percy and Mardis Wood, both citizens of Selma, fatally wounding the former. Mardis Wood drew his pistol and fired at Kennedy five times without hitting him. Kennedy reloaded his gun twice, firing in all six shots at Mardis Wood, shattering his right shoulder and breaking his left arm.

The trouble grew out of relations said to exist between Mardis Wood and the wife of Kennedy, all the parties being residents of Selma, Ala. Mardis Wood came here to attend the meeting of the Democratic state executive committee, of which he is a member. He has been for 20 years a prominent figure in politics, and two years ago was the nominee of the Democratic party in the Fourth district for congress, but withdrew before the election, and Gaston Robbins, recently unseated, took his place. Kennedy is in jail here.

REFORM IN NEW ORLEANS.

Foster Carries Louisiana by Over 10,000. Quiet at Opelusas.

NEW ORLEANS, April 22.—New Orleans has wiped the boodler off the face of the earth, and despite one of the strongest ring organizations in the country the Citizens' League has won the fight by a majority of from 10,000 to 15,500. The negroes were proof against bribery and threats and gave the league a heavy vote. Governor Foster will probably carry the state by 10,000 to 15,000.

The election was quiet at Opelusas. Negroes captured the polls at La Place and intimidated Democratic voters.

Sectarian School Question Debated.

WASHINGTON, April 22.—The senate spent the day on the Indian appropriation bill, but did not complete it. The sectarian school question brought out animated debate, Senators Gallinger, Thurston and Teller opposing and Senators Gray and Pettigrew supporting the amendment offered by Mr. Cockrell extending for two years the time for the entire abandonment of sectarian Indian schools. Final action on the question was not reached.

Unseated Congressman Cobb

WASHINGTON, April 22.—The house unseated James E. Cobb (Dem.), representing the Fifth Alabama district, and voted, 121 to 45, to seat Albert T. Goodwin (Pop.), but the point of no quorum being made the house adjourned with final vote still pending. Five Republicans voted with the Democrats to recommit the case with instructions to the committee to permit the contestant to offer testimony in rebuttal.

To Investigate Soldiers' Homes.

WASHINGTON, April 22.—The house committee on military affairs has decided to report a resolution authorizing the speaker to appoint a committee of five members to investigate the charges of mismanagement of the soldiers' home at Leavenworth, Kan., made by Representative Blue of that state.

To Repeal the Alcohol Tax.

WASHINGTON, April 22.—The senate committee on finance has taken favorable action upon the bill providing for the repeal of section 61 of the Wilson tariff act providing for the rebate or repayment of internal revenue tax on alcohol used in the arts or in medicinal compounds.

Japan and Russia Getting Together.

YOKOHAMA, April 22.—In addition to the loan of $8,000,000 that Japan has been negotiating for from Russia, giving Honk Yong, the northern province of Korea, as security, the Japanese envoy has been instructed to request that Russian troops be detailed to guard the Korean palace, and also that Russia appoint advisers to the Korean government and military instructors for the Korean army.

Meeting of Nail Men.

CHICAGO, April 22.—Manufacturers of nails of all sorts are in conference at the Wellington hotel. In one room is meeting the Nail association, of which F H Loring of Pittsburg is the chairman, and next door on the parlor floor is the meeting of the Wirenail association, of which H. P. Robey of Wareham, Mass., is the chairman.

Senator Quay on Mexico.

CITY OF MEXICO, April 22.—Senator Cameron of Pennsylvania is here and says he came to study on the ground, the effect of the silver basis on the prosperity of this country; and his impression is that the country is rich and prosperous.

A Harrity Victory.

PITTSBURG, April 22.—Eight Democratic legislative conventions were held in Pittsburg and Allegheny yesterday, and individually and collectively the result was a Pattison-Harrity-Fagan victory.

Will Go to the Supreme Court.

BEDFORD, Pa., April 22.—The injunction in the Hicks-Thropp case has been dissolved and the case will go to the supreme court.

Greene County For McKinley.

WAYNESBURG, Pa., April 22.—The Greene county convention endosed McKinley.

Texas Gold Democrats.

DALLAS, April 22.—Five hundred representative gold standard men from almost every county in Texas met here in convention and by a vote of 10 to 1 resolved to reorganize the Democratic party in Texas.

Tennessee Republican Convention.

NASHVILLE, April 22.—The Republican state convention convened here today. Indications point to the selection of Evans, Rodgers, Caldwell and Jeffercys instructed them for McKinley.

Selected McKinley Delegates.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., April 22.—The Republican convention of the Eighth congressional district selected delegates to the national convention and instructed them for McKinley.

RUSSELL IN THE ARENA

His Fight For the Democratic Nomination Started.

ENDORSED BY TWO CONVENTIONS.

The Massachusetts and Rhode Island Democrats Enthusiastically Declare For the Ex-Governor—The Massachusetts Democrats Condemn the A. P. A.

BOSTON, April 22.—With enthusiasm almost surpassing that noted at the recent state convention of the Republicans of Massachusetts, when Thomas B. Reed was endorsed as a presidential candidate, the Democrats of this state in their convention set their approval upon Grover Cleveland as president and named ex-Governor William E Russell as their choice for the nomination to be President Cleveland's successor. Judge John W. Corcoran called

WILLIAM EUSTACE RUSSELL.

the convention to order. The usual honorary officers were chosen. Hon Thomas J. Gargan of Boston was named as chairman of the committee on resolutions and Hon. John E. Thayer of Worcester was chosen permanent chairman.

During the delivery of Mr. Thayer's address the applause was loud and enthusiastic, especially upon the severe criticism of the American Protective association and at the mention of President Cleveland's name.

The election of four delegates-at-large was then moved, and the names of Hon. John E. Russel of Leicester, George Fred Williams of Dedham, John W. Corcoran of Clinton and James W. Donovan of Boston were presented and chosen.

The platform endorses the official actions of President Cleveland, Secretary Carlisle and Secretary Olney; condemns free silver and declares for sound money and the withdrawal from circulation of the legal tender notes and for a more elastic banking currency; the admission of free raw material is favored, sympathy for the Cuban rebels is expressed; the Monroe doctrine and President Cleveland's Venezuelan boundary dispute attitude are endorsed.

The A. P. A. is denounced and it is declared to be a principle of the Democratic party "that no subordination of any one sect or denomination to another shall be established by law, and that it is the absolute right of every citizen to worship God as his conscience dictates."

In conclusion the platform declares that while the delegates are not pledged that it is the wish of Massachusetts Democrats to present and recommedd as their candidate for president ex-Governor William Eustace Russell.

A wild demonstration followed over the endorsement of Russell.

RELIGIOUS EDUCATION CONGRESS.

Important Subjects Discussed by Prominent People In Washington.

WASHINGTON, April 22.—There were about 500 people present at the session of the first national congress of religious education. After devotional exercises, Dr. F. B. Palmer, principal state normal school at Fredona, N. Y., read a paper on "Religious Education Defined." The most important thing he thought is to teach children the personality of God. Miss Annie T. Smith, of the bureau of education, Washington, discussed "Old Problems In New Lights." The separation of church and state, she said, has given the school the task of preparing men for this life and left to the church the task of preparing them for the life to come. Hence the anomoly of men, Christian at heart, but pagan in intellect.

Rev Dr. Bailer, vice chancellor of the American university at Washington, read an exhaustive paper on religious education in different periods of life, and Rev. Dr. Gilliman, corresponding secretary of the American Bible society, read a report of the society.

The Rev. Dr. Home of the University of North Carolina read a paper on the family as an educational institution.

Rev. Dr. Little of Washington, General John Eaton, president of the congress, and Rev. Dr. J. M. Otts, editor of the Alabama Presbyterian of Greensboro, Ala., spoke on the same theme.

A Rupture of Peace Negotiations.

MASSOWAH, April 22.—King Menelik has written to General Baldissera, the commander-in-chief of the Italian forces, asking him to return his letters regarding the peace proposals. This is interpreted as indicating that there has been a rupture of the negotiations for peace between Italy and Abyssinia.

Armenians Horribly Tortured.

CONSTANTINOPLE, April 22.—Authentic information received here shows that the Turkish prison at Marash is crowded with Armenians, who, it is added, are subjected to horrible tortures.

Said to Have Died of Cholera.

CHICAGO, April 22.—Mrs. Maggie Dohler has died rather unexpectedly after a few hours' illness and it is believed by Dr. J. W. Fitzmaurice that she had cholera.

Coadjutor to a Bishop.

ROME, April 22.—The Rev. Dr. John Glennon has been appointed coadjutor to the bishop of Kansas City, the Rt. Rev. John J. Hogan, D. D.

Danish Cabinet Minister Dead.

COPENHAGEN, April 22.—Herr Ingerslev, the minister of public works, is dead.

PITH OF THE NEWS.

The forest fires in the vicinity of Egg Harbor, N. J., are still fiercely raging, but it is thought will be subdued.

The big seine was dropped at the Gloucester fisheries in the presence of 1,000 people.

Mrs. Hans Clasen of Stapleton, Staten Island, a bride of a week, mysteriously disappeared.

It is denied by George Gould that his brother, Howard, is to wed Katharine Clemmons, an actress.

Edla Stimguist, kitchen maid in the Burden household, New York, has been indicted with Dunlop and Turner, and the great diamond robbery of December 27 last, is deemed cleared up at last.

Frank Kozak was saved from suicide after a desperate struggle to drown himself, by a New York longshoreman named Crowby.

Catharine Anutzi confessed, at Hazleton, Pa., to having murdered Angelo Dongello, but she is thought to be merely shielding a guilty male relative.

Robert Clay shot and killed himself accidentally at Harrisburg while trying to kill Sheridan Crumley, of whom he was jealous.

Women at Hickory Ridge, Pa., threatened to lynch Annie Boutner, who confessed having buried her infant child.

RHODE ISLAND FOR RUSSELL

The Democratic State Convention Declares for Him For President.

PROVIDENCE, April 22.—The Democratic state convention selected the following delegates to Chicago: Hon Richard E Coster, Providence; Hon George W Greene, Woonsocket; Miles A McNamee and Jesse H. Metcalfe, Providence; Hon. James J Van Alen, Newport; John H Tucker, Warwick; Hon David S. Baker, North Kingston, and John F Conley of Warren.

Chairman Comstock, in his opening remarks, paid a high compliment to William E. Russell, alluding at length to his ability as an executive. His reference to Mr. Russell were received with great applause, especially when he asserted Mr. Russell would, as presidential candidate, again lead his party to victory.

The platform approves President Cleveland's administration, declares for sound money, opposes free silver unless under agreement with "at least four of the great powers of the western world," endorses the Monroe doctrine and the Wilson tariff bill and condemns reciprocity.

Then the platform says: "As nobly representing these principles we commend to the delegates and the Chicago convention, one who will make an ideal president, William E Russell of Massachusetts."

The mention of ex-Governor Russell's name called forth the demonstration of the day. The endorsement of his candidacy was most hearty.

FIRST BALLOT FOR LOWNDES

Probable Action of Maryland Republican Convention In Baltimore Today.

BALTIMORE, April 22.—The Republican state convention opened at the Lyceum Theater in city at noon today. Senator-elect George L. Wellington called the convention to order as chairman of the state Republican committee. There is no doubt that he will head the Maryland delegation to St. Louis as a delegate-at-large and that his associates to be named will be James A. Gary, William T. Malster and Robert P. Graham.

The platform probably will be built upon the lines laid down in that recently adopted in Maine and the program is to send the delegation to St. Louis uninstructed. Its first vote will be cast for Governor Lowndes, after which it will be divided between McKinley and Reed, as the adherents of both candidates are sure of places in the delegation.

TRUTH ONLY PARTLY TOLD.

Salvation Army Leaders Deceiving the Public, Says Ballington Booth.

NEW YORK, April 22.—Ballington Booth and Mrs Booth says that the statement and correspondence of Commander Booth-Tucker merely furnished further proof of the accuracy of the allegations they have previously made. They further say that "it is manifestly unfair on the part of the leaders of the Salvation Army to have given the general's private letter to Ballington and not to have given Ballington's, which is a most complete answer to the general's letter and contains most detrimental and damaging information regarding the Salvation Army."

It is added by the Ballington Booths that they stand by every word contained in their statement of April 1 and they conclude by saying that most of the extracts from the correspondence made public were written three years and eight months ago, long before the difficulty arose.

May Vote Against the Women.

CLEVELAND, April 22.—From information received here it is believed that the general conference of the Methodist Episcopal church will vote against the admission of women as delegates.

Rev. Dr. Brown In More Trouble.

OAKLAND, Cal., April 22.—The conference of the Congregational ministers angered at Rev. Dr. Brown's refusal to accept the slight censure imposed by council, which tried him upon charges of immorality and unministerial conduct, has preferred new charges against him and reopened the old complaint.

New Trial For Maria Barber.

NEW YORK, April 22.—The court of appeals has granted a new trial to Maria Barberi. About a year ago she killed her lover, a bootblack named Domenico Cataldo, in New York, who had let her know that she was to be cast off. She had been sentenced to death.

For Breach of Promise.

PERU, Ind., April 22.—Miss Alice Stackberger has been given a verdict of $5,000 damages against John Walters whom she sued for failing to marry her. She is only 24, while the man is over 70.

THE MARKETS

PITTSBURG, April 21

WHEAT—No. 1 red, 77@78c. No. 2 red, 77@78c; spring wheat, 56@c.

CORN—No. 2 yellow car, 38½@38½c. No. 2 shelled, 36@36½c; high mixed shelled 35@35½c; mixed car, 33c.

OATS—No. 1 white, 26@26½c; No. 2 white, 25½@26c; extra No. 3 white, 25½@25c; light mixed, 22½@23c.

HAY—No. 1 timothy, $17.00@17.25; No. 2 timothy, $16.00@16.25; mixed clover, $14.00@15.00; packing, $8.50@9.00. No. 1 feeding prairie, $11.50@12.00; wagon hay, $18.00@19.00 for timothy.

BUTTER—Elgin creamery, 18@19c; Ohio fancy creamery, 15@17c; fancy country roll, 11@13c; low grade and cooking, 7@8c.

CHEESE—Fancy New York full cream, large size, 9½@10c; New York flats, 10@10½c; fancy Swiss, 8½@9c; Wisconsin Swiss in tubs, 14@14½c; limburger, 12½@13c; Ohio Swiss in tubs, 13½@14c; Swiss in square blocks, 13½@14c.

EGGS—Strictly fresh Pennsylvania and Ohio, in cases, 13@13c; goose eggs, 25@30c.

POULTRY—Large live chickens, 60@70c per pair; live chickens, small, 50@55c; spring chickens, 65@75c, as to size; dressed chickens, 12@13c per pound; live ducks, 60@70c per pair; dressed, 11@12c per pound; live turkeys, 11@12c per pound; dressed, 13@16c per pound; live geese, 60@80c per pair.

PITTSBURG, April 21

CATTLE—Receipts light, demand fair; market unchanged. We quote the following prices: Prime, $4.35@4.45; good, $4.15@4.25; good butchers, $3.90@4.10; rough fat, $3.00@3.75; bulls, stags and cows, $1.75@3.70; fresh cows and springers, $15@40.

HOGS—Receipts Monday were 35 double deckers on sale; receipts for Tuesday liberal; demand very light; market dull and the outlook is not very bright. We quote prices as follows: Best Yorkers and medium weights, $4.70@4.75; common to fair Yorkers, $4.60@4.65; heavy, $4.50@4.60; roughs, $2.25@3.25.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Supply 25 loads; market slow at about unchanged prices on sheep; 15 cents lower on lambs. We quote as follows: Prime clipped, $3.50@3.65; good, $3.40@3.50; fair, $3.10@3.25; common, $2.75@3.10; culls, $1.50@2.00; choice lambs, $4.30@4.35; common to good lambs, $3.50@4.00; spring lambs, $6.00@8.00; veal calves, $3.25@3.50; heavy and thin calves, $2.00@2.50.

CINCINNATI, April 21

HOGS—Market dull at $3.00@3.50. Receipts, 4,100 head; shipments, 2,600 head.

CATTLE—Market steady at $2.50@4.00. Receipts, 300 head; shipments, 300 head.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Market for sheep steady at $2.50@4.00. Receipts, 300 head; shipments, none. Lambs—Market steady at $4.50@4.75; spring lambs, $5.00@8.00.

NEW YORK, April 21

WHEAT—Spot market weak; quotations are for lake and rail. No. 1 hard 74½c f. o. b. afloat.

CORN—Spot market weak; No. 2 46c elevator.

OATS—Spot market active for export. No. 2, 25½c.

CATTLE—No trading. European cables quote American steers at 10@11c per pound dressed weight; refrigerator beef at 8@8½c per pound.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Market firm for desirable weights; heavy stock dull. Unshorn sheep, good, 4.00@4.25; clipped do, $3.40@3.50; good unshorn lambs, $4.87; Virginia shipping lambs, $4.50.

HOGS—Market lower at $3.90@4.35.

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